January 16, 1994
Cable, U.S. Delegation Secretary to the Secretary of State, 'Secretary’s Meeting with Foreign Ministers of Hungary, Poland, Slovakia, and the Czech Republic. January 11, 1994, Prague, the Ambassador’s Residence'

Citation:

Summary:
US Secretary of State Christopher described the results of a recent NATO summit, the Partnership for Peace (PfP) concept, and NATO expansion.

Credits:
This document was made possible with support from Carnegie Corporation of New York (CCNY).

Original Language:
English

Contents:

• Scan of Original Document
E.O.12356: DECL:OADR
TAGS: OVIP (CHRISTOPHER, WARREN)

1. CONFIDENTIAL - ENTIRE TEXT.

2. HUNGARY: FOREIGN MINISTER JESZENSZKY WAS ACCOMPANIED BY IVAN BABA, DEPUTY STATE SECRETARY, MFA; ENIKO BOLLOBAS, DIRECTOR FOR NORTHERN EUROPE, MFA; AND PAL TAR, HUNGARIAN AMBASSADOR TO THE U.S.

POLAND: FOREIGN MINISTER OLECHOWSKI WAS ACCOMPANIED BY ZBIGNIEW LEWICKI, DIRECTOR OF U.S. DIVISION, MFA; ANDRZEJ TOWPIK, DIRECTOR OF EUROPEAN INSTITUTE, MFA; AND JACEK BALUCH, AMBASSADOR TO THE CZECH REPUBLIC.

SLOVAKIA: FOREIGN MINISTER MORAVCIK WAS ACCOMPANIED BY MIROSLAV LAJCAK, FM CABINET CHIEF, AND B. LICHARDUS, AMBASSADOR-DESIGNATE TO THE U.S.

CZECH REPUBLIC: FOREIGN MINISTER ZIELENIEC WAS ACCOMPANIED BY JAN LISUCH, STATE SECRETARY, MFA; ALEXANDR VONDRA, FIRST DEPUTY MINISTER, MFA; MICHAEL ZANTOVSKY, AMBASSADOR; LADISLAV MRAVEC, DIRECTOR OF SECOND TERRITORIAL DEPARTMENT, MFA.

U.S.: THE SECRETARY WAS ACCOMPANIED BY AMBASSADOR TALBOTT, ASSISTANT SECRETARY OXMAN, AMBASSADOR BASORA (CZECH REPUBLIC), AMBASSADOR RUSSELL (SLOVAKIA), AMBASSADOR REY (POLAND), AND AMBASSADOR THOMAS (HUNGARY).

CLINTON OF THE PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE (PFP) CONCEPT, ITS ENTHUSIASTIC RECEPTION BY NATO ALLIES, AND NATO’S ANTICIPATION AND EAGERNESS TO BRING CONTENT TO THE PROGRAM RAPIDLY. THE SECRETARY STRESSED THAT SHARED DEMOCRATIC VALUES WOULD BE AN IMPORTANT QUALIFICATION FOR MEMBERSHIP. HE TOLD THE MINISTERS THAT, BECAUSE OF THE SUMMIT, NATO HAD A SENSE OF NEW LIFE, NEW ENTHUSIASM, AND A NEW SENSE OF AMERICAN LEADERSHIP. THE CENTRAL AND EASTERN EUROPEAN (CEE) PARTICIPANTSAsked about details of the program and the accession process, but also looked for answers on broader issues of concern. The Polish foreign minister expressed his dissatisfaction with the lack of detail and criteria for eventual NATO membership, but still said he supports the PFP proposal. The Hungarians asked pointedly how the PFP program would be able to respond to negative developments in Russia. Both the secretary and ambassador Talbott explained that the PFP would be able to respond in either direction: toward expansion of European security through peaceful democratic development in the East, or toward a new form of containment should the “bad bear” emerge. END SUMMARY.


5. THE SECRETARY EXPLAINED THAT HE HAD VISITED SHAPE, WHERE HE SAW THE IMPORTANCE THE INTERNATIONAL STAFF WERE GIVING TO THE PFP. THE SECRETARY ALSO DESCRIBED SHAPE’S COMMITMENT TO BRING CONTENT AND SUBSTANCE TO PFP AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE. ALSO IN HIS MEETING WITH THE NATO FOREIGN MINISTERS THE SECRETARY NOTED A CONSENSUS ON BEING PROACTIVE TO EXPLAIN THE PFP TO FUTURE PARTNERS AND GIVE TANGIBLE EFFECT TO THE PROGRAM. HE EMPHASIZED THAT SHARED DEMOCRATIC VALUES AND CIVILIAN CONTROL OF THE MILITARY WILL BE IMPORTANT QUALIFICATIONS FOR EVENTUAL MEMBERSHIP IN NATO. THE SECRETARY SAID THAT THE NATO SUMMIT HAD GIVEN THE ALLIANCE NEW LIFE, NEW ENTHUSIASM, AND A NEW SENSE OF AMERICAN LEADERSHIP. HE WAS GLAD TO HEAR FROM THE CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 03 SECTO 10020 01 OF 03 161036Z

DEVELOPMENTS IN RUSSIA. BOTH THE SECRETARY AND AMBASSADOR TALBOTT EXPLAINED THAT THE PFP WOULD BE ABLE TO RESPOND IN EITHER DIRECTION: TOWARD EXPANSION OF EUROPEAN SECURITY THROUGH PEACEFUL DEMOCRATIC DEVELOPMENT IN THE EAST, OR TOWARD A NEW FORM OF CONTAINMENT SHOULD THE “BAD BEAR” EMERGE. END SUMMARY.
HUNGARIAN FOREIGN MINISTER THAT HUNGARY WAS PREPARED TO PARTICIPATE ENTHUSIASTICALLY IN THE PFP, AND HOPED THAT HE WOULD HEAR SIMILAR RESPONSES FROM THE OTHERS.


PFP PROPOSAL. HE NOTED THAT NATO WAS INTERESTED IN SENDING MILITARY DELEGATIONS TO POTENTIAL PARTNERS. THE HUNGARIAN SAID HIS COUNTRY HOPED FOR OPPORTUNITIES TO CONSULT ABOUT THE POLITICAL DIMENSIONS AS WELL WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF THE PFP. THE SECRETARY RESPONDED THAT NATO WAS MAKING PLANS TO REACH OUT TO ALL INTERESTED PARTNERS FOR DISCUSSIONS THAT WOULD INCLUDE POLITICAL CONTENT. HE REMARKED THAT THERE WAS NO EXACT DIVIDING LINE BETWEEN THE POLITICAL AND MILITARY SIDES OF THE PARTNERSHIP. THE NATO TEAMS WILL BE ORGANIZED TO INCLUDE A POLITICAL COMPONENT. IN THE MEANTIME, POTENTIAL PARTNERS SHOULD FEEL FREE TO VISIT SHAPE HEADQUARTERS AT MONS FOR CONSULTATIONS.

CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 02 SECTO 10020 02 OF 03 161036Z


9. THE CZECH FOREIGN MINISTER ASKED IF THE EVENTUAL INTENTION WAS TO EXPAND NATO TO INCLUDE ALL OF EUROPE AT ONCE. THE SECRETARY RESPONDED THAT THERE WAS NO PREPLANNED AGENDA FOR EVENTUAL EXPANSION. IT WAS ONLY REALISTIC TO ASSUME THAT IT WOULD NOT HAPPEN ALL AT ONCE. IT WAS LIKELY THAT EXPANSION WOULD BE SEQUENTIAL, TO INCLUDE SOME NEW MEMBERS AT ONE TIME, AND OTHERS LATER.

10. THE SLOVAK FOREIGN MINISTER ASKED ABOUT THE MODALITIES OF NEGOTIATING BILATERAL AGREEMENTS ONCE THE FRAMEWORK DECLARATION WAS SIGNED. HE ALSO WANTED TO KNOW WHAT EMPHASIS THE UNITED STATES WAS PLACING ON REGIONAL COOPERATION THROUGH THE PFP AND TOWARDS NATO. THE SECRETARY RESPONDED THAT LONG FORMAL NEGOTIATIONS WERE NOT ENVISAGED; THEY WOULD BE REQUIRED PRIMARILY ONLY TO DETERMINE WHAT EACH PARTNER COULD BRING TO THE PARTNERSHIP AND HOW THEIR PARTICIPATION WILL BE EXPRESSED. ON THE ISSUE OF REGIONAL COOPERATION, THE SECRETARY SAID THAT WE WILL ENCOURAGE REGIONAL GROUPINGS THAT THE PARTNERS FEEL CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL
ARE NATURAL AND PRODUCTIVE. SUCH REGIONAL APPROACHES COULD BE OF VALUE, BUT THEY ARE NOT ESSENTIAL. NATO WILL BE EVALUATING PARTICIPANTS INDIVIDUALLY.

11. OF THE VISEGRAD FOUR, THE HUNGARIAN FOREIGN MINISTER WAS MOST ENTHUSIASTIC ABOUT THE PFP AND CONGRATULATED THE SECRETARY FOR INTRODUCING THE PLAN, AND ALSO FOR IMPROVING IT IN RECENT DAYS AS A RESPONSE TO CEE CONCERNS. HE DECLARED THAT THE PLAN WAS THE BEST OF PRESENT POSSIBILITIES. BUT, HE SAID, IT WAS NECESSARY TO TALK ABOUT POSSIBLE DANGERS, SPECIFICALLY POTENTIALLY NEGATIVE RUSSIAN DEVELOPMENTS. THE MINISTER WANTED TO KNOW HOW THE PFP WOULD ALLOW FOR A QUICK, TIMELY RESPONSE TO SUCH DEVELOPMENTS.

12. ASKED TO RESPOND BY THE SECRETARY, AMBASSADOR TALBOTT EXPLAINED THAT THE ADMINISTRATION HAD, FROM THE BEGINNING, SOUGHT TO ENCOURAGE REFORM IN RUSSIA IN POLITICS, ECONOMICS, AND FOREIGN POLICY. A RUSSIA WITH A REFORMIST FOREIGN POLICY WOULD BE WELCOME TO PARTICIPATE IN THE PFP BECAUSE IT WOULD, UNDER THE EXPLICIT TERMS OF PFP, BE OBLIGATED TO RESPECT THE SOVEREIGNTY, INDEPENDENCE, AND BORDERS OF ITS NEIGHBORS -- CONCEPTS THAT ARE ENSHRINED IN THE PFP ITSELF: ANY STATE THAT IS TO BE ACCEPTED AS A PARTNER ENDOWS THOSE PRINCIPLES. AMBASSADOR TALBOTT ASSURED THE MINISTERS THAT WE HAD ALREADY MADE CLEAR TO THE RUSSIANS, AND THE PRESIDENT WOULD AGAIN MAKE IT CLEAR DURING HIS UPCOMING TRIP TO MOSCOW, THAT WE WERE OFFERING A CONVENANT TO RUSSIA: WESTERN INSTITUTIONS WOULD BE OPEN TO RUSSIA IN RETURN FOR RUSSIAN CONDUCT THAT CONFORMS WITH INTERNATIONAL NORMS. THERE WOULD BE TESTS, HE SAID, CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL

INCLUDING RUSSIAN TROOP WITHDRAWAL FROM THE BALTIC STATES AND PROPER BEHAVIOR IN THE TRANSCAUCUS STATES. HE ALSO EXPLAINED THE NEW AGREEMENT BETWEEN RUSSIA AND UKRAINE ACCORDING TO WHICH RUSSIA WILL PROVIDE SPECIFIC ASSURANCES FOR UKRAINIAN INDEPENDENCE AND EXISTING BORDERS.

13. CONCERNING THE HUNGARIAN MINISTER’S COMMENTS ABOUT A NEED FOR "EARLY WARNING" OF NEGATIVE RUSSIAN DEVELOPMENTS, AMBASSADOR TALBOTT SAID THAT NONE OF THE WORST CASE SCENARIOS WOULD PROBABLY EVOLVE OVERNIGHT. HE REPEATED THE SECRETARY’S COMMENTS THAT ONE OF THE BEST THINGS ABOUT THE PEP WAS THAT IT COULD GO IN EITHER DIRECTION: IT COULD LEAN FORWARD TO ACCEPT RUSSIA IF THE "GOOD BEAR" EMERGES, BUT COULD ALSO LEAD TO A POST-COLD WAR VARIANT OF CONTAINMENT TO CONFRONT A POST-COLD WAR VARIENT OF RUSSIAN EXPANSIONISM.
14. THE POLISH FOREIGN MINISTER ASKED IF THE UNITED STATES EXPECTED RUSSIA AND UKRAINE TO EXPRESS AN INTEREST IN

CONFIDENTIAL

15. THE POLES ASKED AGAIN ABOUT CRITERIA FOR EVENTUAL NATO MEMBERSHIP, WONDERING WHAT OTHER ASPECTS -- OTHER THAN PFP -- WOULD BE PART OF THE FINAL DECISION. THE SECRETARY RESPONDED THAT THERE WILL NOT BE A LIST OF CRITERIA "ON A COMPUTER." INSTEAD, THE ALLIANCE WOULD MAKE JUDGMENTS BASED ON THE OVERALL QUALITY OF PARTNERSHIP PARTICIPATION.

CONFIDENTIAL

PAGE 02 SECTO 10020 03 OF 03 161037Z
UNDERLINING THE COMMITMENT, RESOURCES, AND SHARED VALUES BROUGHT BY EACH PARTNER. COUNTRIES WILL BE ASSESSED INDIVIDUALLY.

16. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OXMAN OFFERED, AS A CLOSING COMMENT, THAT AS THE CONCEPT EVOLVED, THE UNITED STATES HAD BEEN GUIDED BY VISEGRAD CONCERNS THAT PARTICIPATION BE LINKED TO THEIR EVENTUAL NATO MEMBERSHIP. POLISH FOREIGN MINISTER OLECHOWSKI RESPONDED WITH, "I SEE THE WORDS, BUT COME ON..." HE SUPPORTED THE PFP, HE SAID, BUT HE COMPLAINED THAT THERE WAS "NO MODALITY" TO GIVE MEANING TO THE IDEA THAT NATO MEMBERSHIP WAS OPEN. CHRISTOPHER