August 27, 1944
Stalin’s conversation with Boleslaw Bierut

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Summary:
Stalin and Bierut discuss the treatment of the Poles and Polish sovereignty at the hands of the Soviets since 1937.

Original Language:
English

Contents:
- English Transcription
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28 August 1944

Bierut’s account of his audience with Stalin:

He brought up the problem of the arresting of Poles which must be settled properly since it infringes Polish sovereignty. He also raised the question of the arrest of the Polish émigrés in 1937. Stalin ordered a review of Polish affairs in the years 1934-1939 and possibly their reappraisal.

Drobner moved a vote of thanks to Bierut.

Drobner raised the matter of industries in Rzeszów, and Red Army confiscations here, which did not however affect two aircraft factories which were under Soviet management.

Witos suggested sending a PKWN representative to Lvov to look after the Polish population.
A decree was adopted on supplies of milk, meat and hay.

Minc reported on talks with the USSR Trade Commissariat: (3)

In order to feed the population, the Poles had put forward the following monthly ration: 1 kg soap, 1 kg paraffin, 10 boxes matches. For the rest of this year: 3 m of calico cotton, 2 m suit cloth, 3 m bedding cloth, 1 pair of shoes for every second person, 1 jumper per family, 2 pairs of socks and 1 pair of stockings per person, 2 reels of thread per family. (4) Bierut raised the matter of establishing trade relations with the outside world.

Józwiak was nominated commander of the Citizens' Militia (or possibly deputy security department head).

Drobner abstained in the vote.

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Raabe (5) was nominated director of the higher education division of the Education Department.

As regards helping Jews ... separate workshops must not be set up for them.

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NOTES

1 Previously unpublished.

2 The PKWN manifesto had asserted that the compulsory supply of agricultural goods by the peasantry established by the German occupying authorities would be abolished. Already, however, it was becoming apparent that this rash promise would be fulfilled.

3 In these meetings the Poles had asked to the sum of 350 million roubles (Lublin, 1965), p. 184.

4 The introduction of rationing was the result of the difficulty of compelling the agreed quotas of agriculture, particularly given the large needs of the Red Army.

5 Henryk Raabe, see biographical list.

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MINUTES OF THE KRN PRESIDUIUM (EXTRACTS)

... Żymierski expressed his support for Rawicz and Colonel Tarnawa to the KRN.

NOTES

1 Previously unpublished.

2 Colonel Tarnawa was the chief of staff of the security (Rada Obrony Narodowej, Council of National Defence) with its small left-wing guerrilla group, which in late August 1944 declared for the PKWN (T. Jurgielewicz, 'On the Provisions of the PKWN, 22. VII. 44–9, V. 45' (Warsaw, 1951).

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1. Decree on Housing Committees passed.

II. Land Reform Decree. (2)

Witos reported on the results of the ... If we apply the criteria we have a making exceptions, we will not be able as 5 hectares. When adding to the small farms, we should give small and dwarf newly created farms should be given on