

January 18, 1984

Note, Argentine Ambassador Garcia del Solar to the Argentine Foreign Ministry, on US Secretary of State George Shultz's Visit to Brazil

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Summary:

On the eve of the trip of American Secretary of State George Shultz to Brazil, the American officer responsible for the Brazilian desk at the Department of State conveys to the Argentine Embassy in Washington that the United States would appreciate an initiative toward the implementation of a system of mutual inspections or a joint declaration in which both countries would renounce the development of a nuclear device, the same two points proposed by American Congressman Paul Finley in 1977.

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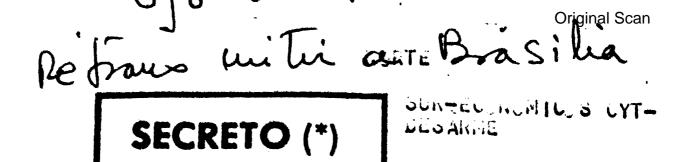
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BRASIL:

CON REFERENCIA VISITA QUE SECRETARIO ESTADO, GEORGE SHULTZ, EFECTUARA PROXIMAMENTE A BRASIL (5/6 FEBRERO), FUNCIONARIO DICHO DEPARTAMENTO A CARGO ASUNTOS BRASILENOS EFECTUO SIGUIENTES COMENTARIOS A ESTA EMBA JADA:

- 1. IMPORTANCIA AGUERDOS ALCANZADOS POR GRUPOS DE TRABAJO DILATERALES (QUE ESTARAN REFLEJADOS EN RESPECTIVOS INFORMES). ADEMAS IMPORTANCIA INTRINSICA CITADOS ENTENDIMIENTOS, RADICA EN QUE CONSTITUYEN NOTABLE AVANCE RELACION BILATERAL, EN COYO PROGRESO HAN SIDO DECISIVOS INTERES Y VOLUNTAD PRESIDENTES FIGURIARDO Y REAGAN.
- 2. DESDE UN PUNTO DE VISTA PARTICULAR, DIJO, MAYOR PROGRESO SE NOTO EN ASPECTO COOPERACION MILITAR -CONTRARIAMENTE À EXPECTATIVAS ORIGINALES QUE NO ERAN OPTIMISTAS EN CUANTO A GRADO DE INTERES BRASILE NO-MIENTRAS QUE EN MATERIA COOPERACION ESPACIAL Y CIENTIFICA-TEUND LOGICA (PRINCIPALMENTE EN CAMPO ENERGIA) SE DIERON BASÉS À QUE SE PROSIGAN EXAMINANDO VARIOS PROGRAMOS ENTRE ORGANISMOS DE UNO Y OTROPAIS. EN CUANTO AL TEMA ECONOMICO, EXPRESO QUE CONCLUSIONES GRUPO DE TRABAJO CORRESPONDIENTE NO TENDRAN IMPACTO, PUES ES UNA CUESTION QUE CONCIERNE EN MAYOR MEDIDA AL PLANO MULTILATERAL.
- 3. SUBRAYO QUE GRUPO DE TRABAJO SOBRE COCHERACION INDUSTRIAL MILITAR PERMITIO RECONSTRUIR Y ESTRECHAR VINCULOS SOBRE RESPECTIVAS FUER ZAS ARMADAS, LO CUAL YA FACILITO -POR EJEMPLO- INTERCAMBIO VISITAS CASTRENSES, SENALANDO QUE PROXIMAMENTE VIAJARIA A BRASIL JEFE ESTADO MAYOR ARMADA NORTEAMERICANA.

SIN EMBARGO. DESECHO QUE POR EFECTO DE ESTA EVOLUCION POSITIVA BRASL TESTADOS UNIDOS ARRIBEN A ACUERDOS ESTRATEGICOS MILITARES. INDICANDO QUE NI BRASILENOS QUIEREN COMPROMETERSE EN ESTE CAMPO NI EXISTE INTE BES NORTEAMERICANO PARA ELLO. Y MANIEESTO QUE NO HAY NADA REAL EN VIR SION SOBRE COOPERACION NORTEAMERICANA PARA BASE AERONAVAL EN ISLA IRINDADE. CONSIDERANDO QUE SE INATA DE ARTIGUA ESPECULACION PERIODIS IICA (EN CONVERSACIONES PREVIAS MANTENIDAS CON OTROS FUNCIONARIOS DEPARTAMENTO ESTADO DIJERON DESCONOCER EXISTENCIA TAL PROPOSITO).

4. EN MATERIA NUCLEAR, FUNCIONARIO APRECIO QUE ESTADO RELACION ESTA DOS CRIDOS CON ERASIL ES SIMILAR AL DE SU RELACION CON ANGENTINA. AGREGO QUE PRODUCIRIA UN MEJORAMIENTO RELEVANTE DE LOS VINCULOS SI AMBOS PAISES DECLARASEN PORTALMENTE QUE NO FAUNTICANAMO UN ANTEFACTO NU CLEAR EXPLOSIVO, SENALANDO QUE ELLO, ADEMAS, LES DEPARANTA INFORTANTE

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INFLUENCIA MORAL SODRE POTENCIAS NUCLEARES. TAMBIEN CONSIDERO QUE E RIA UNA MEDIDA POSITIVA BIEN RECIBIDA POR BRASIL Y ESTADOS UNIDOS, SIN PERJUICIO DE TLATELOLCO, SI ARCENTINA Y BRAJIL ACORDASEN ALGUN MECANISMO MARA INSMECUION RECIPROCA DE SUS INSTALA LONES NUCLEARES. POR UTRA MARTE PUSO ENFASIS EN QUE SOLO MORIA AVA ZARSE SIGNIFICATIVAMENTE EN LAS RELACIONES DE ESTADOS UNIDOS CON ARGENTINA Y BRASIL EN EL CAMPO NUCLEAR, EN LA MEDIDA EN QUE JUNIO RES NACIONALES LE UNO Y UTRO MAIS NO CRETESEN QUE ELLO ES CONSECUEN CIA DE SUPUESTAS PRESIONES NORTEAMERICANAS.

5. COM RELACION A LO EXPUESTO, EXPERTO NORTEAMERICAMO SOBRE DRASIL CONSULTADO EN ESTA OBSERVO QUE GRUPOS DE TRADAJO NUJIRAN FUNCIONA DO MAS DE ALUERDO COM EXPECTATIVAS NONTEAMERICAMAS, SI AUTITUD DIPLO MATICOS BRASILENOS NO HUBIESE ESTADO DIRIGILA A QUE ITAMBATY MATICOS PRASILENOS NO HUBIESE ESTADO DIRIGILA A QUE ITAMBATY MATICOS PUBLICAS DE LA PENDAS DEL INTERES DE SECTORES ECONOMICOS PUBLICO Y PRIVADO Y CASTRENSES BRASILENOS.

SAJO EL CRITERIO DE QUE DE ESA MAMERA BRACIL CONSERVARIA UN MAYON ERADO DE INDEPENDENCIA DE ECTADOS DINIDOS. SIN EMBARGO, CITADO AMALIS TA CORSIDERO QUE MUEVO EMBADADOR EMADILLIO EN ECTA, SCRUIO CORREA DA COSTA, FACILITARIA QUE MELACION DILATEMAL MECODRE EU TENDENCIA DE ALERCAMIENT, BRASILEND-MONTERIERICANO, Y CONFIRMO MUE CAMALES CASTRERSES BILATERALES ESTAN FUNCIONAMO ACTIVAMENTE.

SARLIA DEL SOLAH

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From: Argentine Embassy in Washington

To: Argentine Foreign Ministry

January 18, 1984

Referring to the visit of the Secretary of State George Shultz, which will take place soon in Brazil (5/6 February), the US State Department official in charge of Brazilian affairs made the following comments to this embassy:

- 1. Importance of agreements reached by bilateral working groups (which will be reflected in the respective reports). [He] also cited intrinsic importance [of] understandings which constitute significant progress in bilateral relations, where the good will and interest of both President Figueiredo and Reagan have been of utmost importance.
- 2. From a particular standpoint, he said, further progress [in Brazil-US relations] was noted in military cooperation-contrary to original expectations which were not optimistic about Brazil's level of interest-while in space and scientific and technological cooperation (mainly in the energy field) there is sufficient groundwork to pursue cooperation between the two countries. Regarding economic issues, he said that possible conclusions resulting from the working group will have no impact, because it is a matter of concern on a multilateral level.
- 3. He stressed that the working group on industrial cooperation allowed reconstructing and strengthening military ties between their armed forces, which has allowed for example military exchange visits, noting that the US Navy chief of staff will travel soon to Brazil.

However, [he] dismissed the idea that these positive developments between Brazil and United States will result in military strategic agreements, indicating that neither Brazilians nor Americans want to engage in this field. He also suggested that there is nothing real about US cooperation in the Trindad Island naval base, considering that this is an old speculation from the press (in earlier discussions with other state department officials they were not aware what its purpose was).

- 4. In nuclear matters, the official observed that the state of the US-Brazilian relationship is similar to its relationship with Argentina. He said that significant improvement could be achieved with both countries if they were to make a public statement declaring that neither country would manufacture a nuclear explosive device, noting that this would also present an important "moral argument" which would influence nuclear powers. [He] also considered that a positive step [taken in this field which would be] welcomed by Brazil and the United States, regardless of the adherence of the Tlatelolco regime, [is] if Argentina and Brazil agree to a mechanism for mutual inspections of [their] nuclear facilities. On the other hand, [he] emphasized that progress between US, Argentina and Brazil in the nuclear field could be attained if both countries didn't think that this resulted from US pressure.
- 5. Regarding everything stated above, an American expert on Brazil consulted by this embassy noted that working groups would have worked more in line with US expectations if [the] attitude [of] Brazilian diplomats had not been directed in order to keep their Foreign Ministry with every control as possible on bilateral relations at the expense of public and private sectors´ interest, as well as the military sector, under the predicament that in such way Brazil would preserve a greater deal of independence regarding the United States. Nevertheless, the analyst stated that the tendency moves towards a Brazilian-American rapprochement. [He also] confirmed that bilateral military channels are functioning actively.

García del solar