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**Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League Third Annual
Conference: Speeches and Reports**

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Summary:

Remarks from delegates across Asia, including Ngo Dinh Diem, attending the Third Annual Conference of the Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League in Saigon, Vietnam.

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Saigon March 27 to April 1, 1957

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- 1.- The Hon. TRAN CHANH THANH
- 2.- The Chief delegate from Thailand
- 3.- The Chief delegate from China
- 4.- The Chief delegate from Hong Kong
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- 6.- The Chief delegate from Macao
- 7.- The Chief delegate from Malaya
- 8.- The Chief delegate from the Philippines
- 9.- The Chief delegate from Pakistan
- 10.- The Chief delegate from Ryukyu
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- 16.- The Delegate from Greece
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APACL III Conference.

OPENING ADDRESS OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE STEERING COMMITTEE
OF THE ANTI-COMMUNIST CAMPAIGN IN VIET NAM, DELIVERED AT THE
INAUGURATION OF THE THIRD CONGRESS OF THE ASIAN PEOPLES' ANTI-
COMMUNIST LEAGUE IN SAIGON, MARCH 27, 1957.

Distinguished Guests :

Ladies and Gentlemen :

It is a great honor for us in the Republic of Viet Nam to greet the leaders and members of delegations from friendly countries who have ignored distance and come at the invitation of the Organizing Committee to attend this third congress of the Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League.

On behalf of the Steering Committee of the Anti-Communist Campaign in Viet Nam, I wish to express to you our warmest greetings, and to all of our guests whose presence here adds more meaning to this ceremony, our heartfelt thanks.

Ladies and Gentlemen :

We can but rejoice at the success scored during the last three years since the constitution of the Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League in June 1954 in Chin Hae, Korea. Ever since that date the League has been progressing steadily as is shown by its meetings and conferences in various capitals : Manila in September 1955 and March 1956; Saigon in September 1956, and again Manila in November of the same year, where an extraordinary session was held. The League, which had eight founding members : Korea, China, the Philippines, Thailand, Viet Nam, Hong Kong, Macao and Ryukyu, is extending its activities. Past meetings have adopted the League's Charter, by-laws, its programs of activities and many important resolutions.

Today in the capital of the Republic of Viet Nam, this third congress which has opened with the participation of delegations representing anti-communist peoples and organizations, is another great success for the League.

Faced with international Communism, which is a constant threat to freedom and peace, which uses the technique of division to weaken and to prune strength from democratic countries, we must unite and coordinate our activities.

Only thus can we hope to stop an enemy determined to exile and even to exterminate millions of people for the sake of an insane doctrine.

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We are sure that sooner or later other peoples will also realize the necessity for hand-in-hand cooperation to check this mad ambition of some blinded individuals.

Because they are fully aware of the Communist threat the peoples of countries having lost part of their territory to Communism have actively and positively participated in this League by the presence of refugee representatives in the Korean, Chinese and Vietnamese delegations. This is also shown by the presence of representatives of the Hungarian and Russian peoples in the Anti-Communist organizations of Anti-Bolshevik Bloc of Nations (ABN) and Union of Russian solidarists (NTS).

More than that, these peoples have fought and are fighting courageously against Communism right in the heart of territories under Communist domination.

In Russia, where Communism has been established for 40 years, the people are still fighting against the Soviet authorities. The Russian representatives here would be more qualified to report to you on that basic struggle than I.

Faced with the strong reaction of the Russian people, and with the widespread revolt of the peoples in the satellite countries of Russia heralding possible general revolution, in February of last year Krushchev and the Political Bureau of the Communist Party used the trick of attempting to place the blame of Communist crimes on Stalin. This was not particularly difficult with Stalin dead. The crimes now attributed to him are those which the Free World has denounced these last twenty years.

Stalin had exterminated all his opponents or those unwilling to follow him, not only among land-owners and intellectuals, but also among Communist cadres. One hundred and eight members out of one thousand, nine hundred and sixty-six Communist delegates to the 17th Party Congress had been "liquidated" by one means or another.

Stalin had imprisoned hundreds of thousands of young men.

Stalin had exiled millions of people among the minority groups in Russia.

This plot of imputing all crimes to Stalin could not possibly mend the flaws of Communism, but instead brought to light the hidden truth about the regime and precipitated the beginning of the imminent disintegration of the Communist structure.

3.-

We have all heard of the Poznan workers' and students' uprising which took place on the 28th of June 1956 with the slogan "For bread and for Freedom". Also clear in our memories are the heroic revolt of the Hungarian people in which blood is still flowing in profusion for independence and neutrality, the struggle of the Transylvanian workers in Rumania for higher wages in August 1956, the uprising for autonomy of the Tibetan people in March 1956, the unrest which, since the 14th of February, has been reigning in Wuchang on the Chinese mainland, and the bloody events which have occurred in North Viet Nam of which I shall speak in detail :

The Communist Party in North Viet Nam had launched a campaign of correction of past mistakes in order to allay the dissensions and hatred among the people rising from the program of "agrarian reform." This "land reform" has created armies of discontented and numerous victims : at least 50,000 people have been thrown into prison without trials and a great number were barbarously executed. Those and other crimes touched off a series of anti-Viet Cong Communist revolts. I am referring only to the uprising of the peasants of Quynh Yen, province of Nghe An during which the participants reasserted the right to emigrate South (i. e. into the Republic of Viet Nam). It was during the same period that the intellectuals of ^{the} newspaper "Nhan Van" pressed for their freedom of opinion and of speech. In both cases harsh measures of persecution were resorted to and many died as a consequence, chiefly in the Quynh Yen revolt. In June 1956, our Nung compatriots, and ethnic minority revolted in the Hinghlands of North Viet Nam. Near Hanoi, students rioted many times, and in the field workers destroyed and sabotaged railways.

Through these events which shook the foundations of the Communist world come to light the following observations :

I - First of all, it has been noted that the forces which struck most resolutely against the regime in Soviet Russia are the youths born and brought up after the foundation of the Communist regime. This fact proves that, in spite of their being subject to constant brain-washing and of their education being restricted to communist propaganda and theories, these young people's hearts have not been conquered by Communism.

2 - In Poznan, Budapest and North Viet Nam, those who have gladly taken up arms against the Red Army and the Communist Security Forces are destitute workers, peasants and fishermen.

4.-

3 - In Hungary, in reply to the ~~people's~~ aspirations for
peace and neutrality, the Russian government sent in their
army to crush the Hungarians. This sheds light on the situation
of the satellite countries : they are not independent states, and
the Russian army, in occupying these countries, intends to subjugate
the native population, not to defend them against aggression.
The Communists do not tolerate neutrality in the satellite countries.
But, they use any and all means to influence countries of the free
world toward a foreign policy of neutrality.

4 - In the Communist countries of Eastern Europe, the present
standard of living is much lower than that which previously prevailed.
This constitutes one of the factors giving rise to revolts against
communism. A worker's purchasing power in North Viet Nam under the
communist regime compared to that of a worker in the Republic of
Viet Nam is 1 to 4.

5 - Because of continual uprisings, riots and revolts, the
Communists have switched back to Stalin's methods. But once a car
without brakes begins to go down a hill, it goes faster and faster.
No driver can stop it unless he overturns it.

If we take into consideration the free countries, we will see
that the communist parties are breaking up, after experiencing bitter
defeats in Free Viet Nam, in Malaya and in the Philippines. Again
recently, the communists were foiled in their attempts at fomenting
unrest in Bangkok and at taking part in the formation of the
Djakarta government. In the middle East, their infiltration is being
halted. S.E.A.T.O. has been strengthened.

For fear of complete destruction by atomic and hydrogen bombs
if another war should break out, and because of their internal
difficulties and weaknesses the Communists have refrained from
starting a war, but they will pursue their tactics of infiltration
in the free countries much more actively in order to sabotage, to
create unrest and to overthrow the legal governments.

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Our duty is to keep/governments and populations of free nations
vigilant to this danger, and to devise counter measures to defeat
these dangerous plots and at the same time build a better society,
based on justice, love and respect for human dignity.

May I wish you success.

SPEECH DELIVERED BY Mr. PLANG PHLOYPHROM
CHIEF DELEGATE OF THAILAND

at

A.P.A.C.L. 3rd CONFERENCE AT SAIGON

In reponse to that made by Mr. TRAN CHANH THANH,
Chairman of the Steering Committee of the Anti-Communist
Campaign in Vietnam
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Mr. Chairman :

Ladies and Gentlemer :

On behalf of all delegations of different countries,
I avail myself of this opportunity to express my heart-fel
thanks to the Republic of Vietnam, H.E. President NGO DINH
DIEM as well as you, Mr. Chairman
for all arrangements to make possible the convening in Saigon
of the third Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist-League Conference,
and welcome all delegates here.

Ladies and Gentlemen :

There is every reason to believe that the APACL is
remarkably progressing. Three years ago the league had only
five member countries, viz. Korea, the Republic of China, the
Philippines, the Republic of Vietnam and Thailand. Two years
later the number of the member countries increased from five
to eight including Hongkong, Macao and Ryukyu.

Today there are fifteen countries which have become
members of the APACL, and which have pledged to exert all
possible efforts to combat communism.

This can be regarded as an augur for a bright future
of the APACL and at the same time as a stepping - stone for
success in not only resisting communism but also eradicating
it.

None of us here would dream of denying that international
communism is still a constant menace to freedom and peace, and
that it is ready at all times to weaken the strength of coun-
tries which are under a form of democratic government.

So all of us must be careful, must be cautious about
what will happen to us from the communist bloc, and must be
prepared to face communist armed and "peaceful" aggression,
otherwise we all will be lost.



INDIA AND CEYLON

INDIA

Phani Bhusan *Returning Home*
 Gopal Ghose *Monkeys*
 K. S. Kulkarni *Khajuraho Temple*
 Rama Maharana *Spring Festival of Krishna and Radha*
 Jamini Roy *Gopis in the Grove of Vrindavana*

CEYLON

George Keyt *The Bodhisattva Vishvantara Gives Away His Wife*
 L. T. P. Manjusri *The Goddess Tara*

MIDDLE EAST

PAKISTAN

Sheikh Ahmed *The Unicorn*

IRAQ

Pat Roy *Blind Minstrel*

IRAN

Hossein Khatai *The Crane*
 Parviz Mofidi *Lions Rampant*
 Ja'far Shoja *Cypress of Shiraz*

NEAR EAST

SYRIA

Alfred Baccache *Gazelles*

TURKEY

Bedri Rahmi Eyuboglu *The Turkish Tray*
 Kenan Özbek *The Poppy*

EGYPT

Hamed Abdalla *Lovers on Shemm-en-Neseem*
 Hussein Amin Bikar *Bread*
 Al Hussein Fawzi *Eve*
 Gamal Sagini *Dawn*

ASIAN ARTISTS IN CRYSTAL

DESIGNS BY
 CONTEMPORARY ARTISTS OF THE
 FAR AND NEAR EAST ENGRAVED ON
 STEUBEN CRYSTAL

ASIAN ARTISTS IN CRYSTAL

IN RECENT years Steuben Glass has commissioned leading artists of the United States and Europe to execute drawings for engraving on crystal. Now for the first time it has turned to the East, in the belief that the artists of Asia will make a further contribution to contemporary glass design.

The primary purpose of the collection is to exhibit to the people of the world examples of the creative art of modern Asia as appreciated and interpreted by America. For too long the West has tended to judge Asian art chiefly by its magnificent historical manifestations. It is inspiring to know that great traditions are being carried forward by contemporary artists, working in more modern style and media. The drawings that these Asian artists have prepared for Steuben Glass show, in the radiant medium of glass, an astonishing variety of themes and styles.

Glassmaking is a collaborative effort. In each completed piece are incorporated the decorative drawing of the artist, the subtle shape devised by the glass designer, and the skill of the glass blower and the glass engraver. All who have worked together in this project can share a common pride.

Particular thanks are offered to Mr. Karl Kup, Chief of the Art Division of The New York Public Library, who spent six months traveling on Steuben's behalf to secure the drawings. He visited sixteen Asian and African countries to interview scores of artists, and commissioned a large number of drawings from which the final selection was made. The results of his tireless efforts and sensitive taste are evident in the finished work.

Asian Artists in Crystal was first exhibited in the United States by the National Gallery of Art, Washington, D. C., and The Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York. One series of these pieces is being exhibited in the Far and Near East under the auspices of the United States Information Agency, 1956-1958.

ARTHUR A. HOUGHTON, JR.
President, Steuben Glass

FAR EAST

CHINA

Cho Chung-yung *Saying of Confucius*
Ma Shou-hua *The Lone Bamboo in All Its Gracefulness*
Ran In-ting *New Year in Formosa*

JAPAN

Suekichi Akaba *Momoyama*
Shiko Munakata *Ananda, Disciple of Buddha*
Kiyoshi Saito *Bodhisattva*

KOREA

Kim Ki-chang *Korean Sword Dance*

PHILIPPINES

Arturo Rogerio Luz *Harana in Manila*
Manuel R. Rodriguez *The Village of Malinao*

SOUTHEAST ASIA

VIETNAM

Nguyen-van-Long *The Floating Village*

INDONESIA

Raden Basoeeki Abdullah *Bhima and the Snake*
Made Djate *Balinese Funeral*
Agus Djaya *The Temple Dance*

THAILAND

Virojna Nutapundu *Kinnaras*
Narumol Sarobhassa *Nang Fa—Siamese Angel*

BURMA

U Ohn Lwin *Burmese Royalty*
U Mya *Tonaya*

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As a matter of fact, when we are always strong, communists will be weak and can do no harm to us. On the contrary, whenever we show sign of weakness, communists will swoop over us and accordingly swallow us up.

This is very significant.

Then there is no reason why we should not choose to be strong.

In my view, there is no other alternative, we must be strong, if we like to be on the safe side, and, particularly, to be able to save ourselves from being victimized by communists.

Ladies and gentlemen and fellow delegates, it is not at all wrong to say that to be strong in this case needs sincere cooperation and genuine unity on the part of us all here in the conference as well as of others outside the conference.

Above all there must not be any lack of confidence in all member countries of the APACL.

If all of us here as well as those outside the conference strictly adhere to the principles of fully cooperating with one another, sympathizing with one another and uniting in finding appropriate ways and means to tackle problems concerning communism, I can give you my personal assurance that the ultimate aim of the APACL can be achieved.

But it takes time. Why? Because the number of the APACL member countries is still too small to cope with the situation influenced or controlled by international communism.

The number of the APACL must be increased and undoubtedly, the sooner the better.

So I pray to all spiritual powers to inspire us all here with an idea to be able to avoid unnecessary arguments on the part of all countries concerned, when the time arrives for the increase of the number of the member countries.

There is also a stark fact that where rules communism, anti-communism still reigns. Then inside Soviet Russia as well as Red China, there are many who are against communism, who are striving to save themselves and who are waiting for our assistance.

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Consequently it is the duty of the APACL to act and act immediately to a way that these poor people may be saved from being squeezed by communism.

Please bear in mind that the duty of the APACL is not only to resist communism but also to eradicate it, that success in all this depends wholly upon our sincere cooperation and genuine unity, and that "united, we stand; divided, we fall".

Thank you.

FOLLOWING IS THE FULL TEXT OF SPEECH DELIVERED BY MR. KU CHENG-KANG, CHIEF CHINESE DELEGATE, TO THE THIRD CONFERENCE OF THE ASIAN-PEOPLES' ANTI-COMMUNIST LEAGUE HELD IN SAIGON ON MARCH 27, 1957.

Chairman, Fellow Delegates:

It has been almost a year since the Second Conference of the League was held in Manila. During the year under review, the League has scored many achievements through incessant efforts of its various member units. It is most gratifying to note that the basis of the League has been broadened in this Conference. This has not only manifested the gathering momentum of the Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist movement, but has also offered us a sure guarantee of final victory in fighting against Communism.

Now I wish to avail myself of this opportunity to point out the tactical changes that the Soviet imperialists have made in the year past to defy the free world, the internal conflicts that have intensified within the Communist bloc, and the new anti-communist situation that has developed to our advantage.

Ever since the death of Stalin, power struggle has sharpened the internal conflicts in the Kremlin and prompted the process of disintegration among the satellites. To save the crisis as well as to smooth internal contradictions, Soviet Russia has revamped both internal and external tactics. Internally, it has adopted a limited moderate policy of economic exploitation and thought control in a hope to mitigate the growing resentment of the peoples behind the Iron Curtain. In the meantime, every attempt has been made to win Yugoslavia back to its orbit to avert further fracture within the Communist bloc. Externally, it has launched its fiercest peace offensive and fostered the influence of neutralism to strengthen its alienation, infiltration, and subversive activities against the democratic countries. Aside from ordering the Chinese Communists to scatter insidious rumors about peace parleys between the Republic of China and the puppet Peiping regime to perplex the free world, it has stirred up the bitter sentiment of the Arab states against the West in order to grab the Middle East as its base for further aggression.

However, the outbreak of anti-Russian movement in Poland and the anti-Communist revolution in Hungary has manifested that not only the peoples behind the Iron Curtain have the will and determination to strive for freedom, but the controlling mechanism of Soviet Russia is frittering away. It has disclosed the tottering foundation of the proletarian society behind the Iron Curtain. It has indicated the beginning of disintegration of world Communist movement. The Communist bloc is indeed being confronted with an unprecedented general crisis.

On the other hand, the anti-Communist strength all over the world has during the year past developed with daily more vitality. It has emerged from the inferior position to put up a better fight with ever increasing vigor. The Soviet atrocities against the Hungarian freedom fighters have disclosed the true color of world Communism and awakened a number of democratic countries from their dreams of appeasement to adopt a more firm anti-communist policy. The United States, leader of the free world, has especially steeled her stand. To stem further aggression of Soviet Russia in the Middle East, she has adopted the Eisenhower Doctrine. In Asia not only the anti-Communist forces of various countries are showing growing strength and unity, but the

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anti-Communist movement of Asian peoples has flared up in full swing throughout the continent. In view of this situation, I strongly feel that our time for dealing death blows against Communism has arrived. As our common enemy is beginning to disintegrate and the new anti-Communist situation is in our favor, I should like to call upon all governments and peoples of free nations to strengthen our anti-Communist solidarity and take more positive actions. For the sake of lasting world peace, we should rise up to the occasion to give the collapsing enemy a hot chase and exterminate the evil influence of Communism in a joint effort.

In the second place, I should like to point out the growing internal conflicts within the puppet Peiping regime and its sinister maneuverings during the year past.

As the puppet Peiping regime is nothing but a tool created by Soviet Russia to further world revolution, it has to reorient its policy to suit the needs of its masters when the Kremlin changes its internal and external tactics. This necessary change and its inherent weaknesses have brought upon Russia and its satellites the same disasters. The year past has, on the one hand, witnessed the most violent measures that the Chinese Communists have taken to sovietize our mainland. As a result of Communist cruelty, more than 4,900,000 craftsmen have been forced into slave labor again. In the name of public-private joint enterprise, 130,000 private industrial establishments and 5,000,000 private business firms have been deprived of their hard-earned property. Moreover, approximately 500 million peasants have been turned into serfs of "agricultural cooperatives". On the other hand, the year under review has conspicuously disclosed the internal confusion and intractable crisis of the puppet regime. In the field of economy, it has exposed inevitable conflicts between industry and agriculture, between the heavy and light industries. As a result of wanton production, cases such as inadequate supply of raw materials, technical skills below the required level, shortage of goods, price soaring up to the sky high, commodities poor in quality, slow-down strikes of peasants, and decrease in the volume of output have paralyzed the puppet economic machine. In the field of public finance, budgetary deficit has amounted to ten billion dollars in spite of relentless exploitation of the people. In the aspect of thought control, though the Reds have advanced seemingly enlightened slogans, they have failed miserably to line up the intellectuals to help save the crisis. As their ideology, policy, and line of actions are fraught with fundamental mistakes, it is natural that they can not produce desirable results. Besides, antagonism inside the Communist hierarchies has been gathering head. Private conflicts among the various factions and cliques have become open fight for political power. All these factors have precipitated the inevitable internal crisis and headed the puppet regime toward disintegration. In the meantime, under the barbarous rule of the inhuman gangsters, our mainland compatriots have lit up the anti-Communist conflagration throughout the land.

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Forming a sharp contrast to the reign of terror and unlimited economic exploitation on our mainland, the strength of Free China has been on a steady increase with the full support of the people both at home and abroad. This striking difference has undoubtedly encouraged our mainland brethren to strive hard against the Communists. Hence, large scale anti-Communist revolutions have cropped up one after another in Singkiang, Tibet, Inner Mongolia, Sikang, Szechuan, and Chinghai.

Other small scale anti-violence actions have become daily occurrences everywhere. The development of this widespread anti-Communist revolutionary movement owes its dynamic force to the deep-rooted resentment of the people. It has developed from individual fight into organized action, from self-defense for survival into armed resistance, and from spontaneous resistance into a revolutionary movement to join the anti-Communist efforts of Free China. We are convinced that the barbarous domination of the Chinese Communists will finally be washed away by the surging tide of this anti-Communist torrent.

Now under the leadership of President Chiang Kai-Shek, the absolute majority of our mainland compatriots, the 10 million free Chinese in Taiwan and the 14 millions of our overseas brethren are fighting with the unity of purpose to achieve the following objects:

First, we must eradicate the treacherous puppet Peiping regime which is but the instrument of Soviet imperialism. We must restore national independence and territorial integrity of the Republic of China. Secondly, we must uproot the proletarian dictatorship and rebuild the Republic on the basis of the Three People's Principles as advocated by Dr. Sun Yut-sen. Thirdly, we must do away with all forms of enslavement patterned after Soviet Russia to rebuild a free and happy society.

We firmly believe that we can count on our will and determination to accomplish this sacred revolutionary mission. It is true that we will need material assistance and moral support of the free world to back up our fight. But the loyal heart of our mainland brethren toward the Republic of China, the progress that we have made in the Island, complex of Taiwan, the full support of our overseas compatriots to the cause of freedom and democracy, and the growing anti-communist strength of the peoples on both sides of the Iron Curtain are the fountain-head of our strength to fight back to the mainland and the sure guarantee of our final victory. We sincerely welcome all peoples of Asian countries to fight shoulder to shoulder with us against Communism. We ardently wish to rebuild a new, free, democratic and prosperous Asia in a joint effort with all Asian peoples after the Communists have been exterminated.

In view of the expansionist designs of the Communist bloc and the general crisis developing within the Communist camp, and based upon the urgent requirements of the new anti-communist situation we are facing, I wish to make the following proposals on behalf of the Chinese Delegation for the consideration of the Conference :

I. The development of the new revolutionary situation on both sides of the Iron Curtain has offered the free world the golden opportunity to corner and defeat our common enemy. Hence, I propose

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that this Conference should call upon all peoples of democratic countries to launch a joint political, economic, cultural, social, and military general offensive against the Communists to accelerate the speedy collapse of Communist imperialism which has menaced world peace with its aggressive designs and the entire mankind with the bondage of enslavement.

2. It is the common goal of all Asian peoples to achieve national independence and freedom. The colonialism of the West has been wiped out by the march of time and its residual influence is out-moded. The greatest enemy to the national movement of all Asian peoples today is the new colonialism fostered by the Communists. Hence, we should not only take precautionary measures against the new colonialism, but should also call upon all peoples of the free world, regardless of race, geographical division, and nationality, to protect freedom and human rights of anti-Communist peoples in their respective territories so as to prevent Communist infiltration.

3. The fall of Chinese mainland, the northern part of Korea and the Northern part of Vietnam behind the Iron Curtain has provided the only source of menace to the security of Asia the peace of the world. We wish to reiterate that peace and security can be safeguarded only after all democratic peoples of Asia and the entire world have assisted the Republic of China to recover the Chinese mainland and the Republics of Korea and Vietna to recover their respective lost territories.

4. The League has always firmly believed that it is absolutely impossible for us to have any form of compromise with Communism, nor can we co-exist with it under any conditions. Between freedom and slavery, there exists no middle-of-the-road. Hence, we should combat the illusion of peaceful-coexistence with the Communists, disclose the intrigues of Communist united front tactics, crush the shameless peace rumors engineered by the Reds, outlaw the Communist Party, refuse to recognize the fruits of aggression, strictly enforce the embargo against the Communist bloc, and send stunning blows to political infiltrations and subversive activities engaged in various countries by world Communism.

5. We, the Chinese delegation, are always of the opinion that great unity of anti-Communist efforts is the only effective measure to fight against Communist aggression. Hence, we should not only welcome peoples of anti-Communist countries to join our League, but also seek to win over to our cause the anti-Communist peoples of those countries which are either pursuing the neutralist policy or leaning to the side of pro-Communists so that they can close ranks with us. We should not only consolidate all anti-Communist strength of the Asian peoples, we should promote overall anti-Communist unity of the whole world to eliminate the common enemy of the entire human race.

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Chairman and Fellow Delegates ! Communist tactics may vary, but its ultimate purpose of world conquest will always remain unchanged. To save its internal crisis as well as to cope with external unfavorable conditions, it may go one step backward. But that does not mean that its strategy has undergone any change. To make the last struggle in the course of its disintegration, the Communist bloc is speeding up its war preparations in a hope to annihilate the main strength of the free world by a single surprise attack at any opportune moment suited to its adventure. Hence, we wish to appeal to the free world that we should not only have a higher degree of vigilance against sinister intrigues of the Communists, we should also utilize the internal weaknesses and precarious conditions of the Communist camp to administer mortal blows against the enemy with joint efforts of anti-Communist peoples on both sides of the Iron Curtain. We should give them a hot chase and beat them right before us. Now the ultimate triumph of our anti-Communist crusade is just ahead of us. Let us march along with the unity of purpose to tear down the Iron Curtain, to eliminate the common enemy, and to realize the common goal of our historic fight.-

SPEECH BY THE CHIEF DELEGATE OF HONGKONG.

Mr. Chairman and Fellow Delegates :

In June 1954, the Anti-Communist Civil leaders of Asia gathered in Chinhae Korea and in compliance with the resolutions made in Chinhae, the Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League came into existence. Since the Asian anti-Communist movement has stepped into a new stage. In the past, the Government took lead in fighting communism, now the people themselves take the initiative - we have turned a new page in history.

Three years ago we started with only 8 member nations and localities. Now we have grown twice in size. It is certainly a wonderful thing.

However, while we grow, our enemy has also grown. The Communists are now more aggressive outwardly and oppressive inwardly and they are especially clever in utilizing neutralism and narrow nationalism to weaken and to disintegrate the unity of the free World. In this regard, we must guard ourselves.

We know Red China is the trouble maker in Asia and it is only a part of the Communist plan of world domination.

Therefore in Asia, we should join our efforts aiming at one target the destruction of our common enemy, the Chinese Communists.

In view of the above, I have the honor to present for your consideration what we hope to achieve in this Conference :

1. To set up the League Council in accordance with our charter.
2. To urge the Governments of Free China, Korea, Philippines, Thailand and Vietnam, to meet and discuss effective measures to fight the common enemy in Asia and to eliminate the root of trouble.
3. As the Communists aim at World domination, we suggest that there will be a world Peoples' Anti-Communist Conference for all the civil Anti-Communist leaders in Europe and in America so as to exchange : information, experience, technique and to cooperate in our fight against the Communist aggressions.
4. We are not satisfied with what we have achieved. We could have done a great deal more. The chief difficulty that prevents our undertaking more important and valuable work in FINANCE. We hope a solution will be found this time.

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Finally, I wish to take this opportunity to report briefly on the situation in Hongkong which as we know is the peephole to China Mainland as well as the front of Communist activities in free Asia. The reds are always launching false propaganda and economic aggression in Hongkong whence their aggressive intrigues lead infiltration and subversion in other quarters of Asia and all over the world. As residents in Hongkong we know what they have done and are going to do while we are immune to their propaganda because we actually know the happening in the Mainland and the conditions of the people from day to day; the geographical closeness has enabled me to know their move almost every hour and our determination to fight Communism is strengthened every minute. However living with Communists side by side in a British Colony, we face such difficulties which may be unknown to our colleagues. Yet we must thank you all for the encouragement and assistance rendered to us so far and we look forward to a closer cooperation in future.

The Hungarian revolt is the best evidence that the hearts behind the Iron Curtain are not dead, instead their blood is boiling. The Communists have stolen our name "The People" for so long, now we "The People" indeed, are taking matters into our own hands. We are ready to give up everything and anything even our lives to fight for freedom and true democracy. This fight is a slow and hard fight according to the trend of history the people should win.

On behalf of our delegation, I wish to express our gratitude for what our colleagues in Vietnam have done for this Conference. Thank you.-

OPENING ADDRESS OF DR. CHIN HANG KONG, CHIEF DELEGATE OF
THE REPUBLIC OF KOREA, TO SAIGON THIRD PLENARY CONFERENCE OF
THE ASIAN PEOPLES' ANTI-COMMUNIST LEAGUE.

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Mister Chairman, Fellow Delegates, Distinguished Guests,
and Peoples of Asia :

This League was established at Chinhae, Korea, three years ago to fight Communism, banish colonialism from Asia, and resist aggression of any and every kind.

Back in Nineteen Fifty-four, we had high hopes of early victory. But our progress has been much slower than we anticipated. Communism has not yet been defeated. Some remnants of European colonialism still prevail, and the menace of Communist and other neo-colonialisms is growing rather than receding. Aggression has not been ended in Asia or any other part of the world.

Those of you who were at Chinhae will remember that we expected the anti-Communist peoples of Asia to rally their governments behind this movement. We considered ourselves to be revolutionaries of liberty, and we pledged our fortunes, our honor, and our very lives to the cause of freedom and democracy.

Despite all these solemn and well-intended pledges, Korea and Vietnam remain divided. The northern half of their territory is occupied by the Communist invaders. China is still confined to the island province of Taiwan, and the six hundred million people of the mainland writhe in their Communist chains. All other Asian countries also continue to be in the most imminent danger of Communist conquest from within or without. Japan shows signs of reawakening colonial ambitions in the Ryukyus, and has not yet made amends for the wrongs done Korea.

This is not to say that the League has been a complete failure. Working through the instrumentality of the League, Vietnam has made tremendous progress in eradicating the Communist fifth column that was left here by the unfortunate Armistice of Geneva. China has conducted important and effective anti-Communist propaganda. The Philippines has begun an internal crusade patterned after that of Vietnam, and has taken preliminary steps to outlaw the Communist Party. Korea has been maintained as a militarily strong

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nation of twenty-three million determinedly anti-Communist people. The chapters of Hongkong, Macao, and Ryukyus have carried out such activities as were within their power. Thailand is demonstrating renewed interest in the League.

Perhaps most important of all is the presence here at Saigon of new nations, geographical areas, and anti-Communist organizations. We should have expanded long ago, because if our neighbor is overwhelmed by Communism, our own danger becomes that much greater. These new peoples are most heartily welcome. May they become the impetus and the inspiration to spur us to the deeds that are yet undone.

Our record, then, is not entirely bad. But this is not a service club, nor a social or cultural organization. This is a movement involving the struggle for free survival, and against the Communists, second best is never good enough. We must win totally or we shall lose totally. There is no middle way, no possible compromise -- as all those who have fought the Communists know so well.

This is the conference that must turn the tide, if the League is to be a decisive weapon against Communism, colonialism, and aggression in general. The people of Hungary have already shown us the way. These freedom fighters rose up against the Reds in a revolution that would have succeeded had it not been for the timidity of the Free World. The Reds say that Hungary's freedom fight failed, that it was suppressed, and that there will be no repetition. That is not so. What happened in Hungary rekindled the fires of liberty everywhere behind the Iron Curtain -- from Albania to the Baltic and into the Soviet itself, from Manchuria and north Korea, through Mainland China, and into north Vietnam.

Our task must be to enlarge and expand the spirit and the activism of Hungary. We must feed the flames of anti-Communist revolution everywhere. And we must see to it that all free peoples and governments rise up to assist those who fight in the name and cause of freedom. We can do it -- but not by sitting on our hands, not by waiting for someone else to act first. It is we, ourselves, who must act. We must stir up our peoples and then our governments. We must have done with temporizing and procrastination. While we wait, the Communists act. To delay longer is to perish.

Let this be our program :

First, that all the peoples of Asia must be free and equal.

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Second, that we must band together our collective strength to defeat Communism now.

Third, that we shall quickly go to the assistance of all enslaved peoples who are willing to risk their lives for liberation.

Fourth, that we shall perpetuate our alliance to guard against the further colonial ambitions of any nation, and to provide collective security against future aggression from any source.

Such a program would assure a free, a peaceful, and a prosperous life for all Asian peoples and countries. But unless we activate the program -- bring it into dynamic life -- it means nothing. Without action, it becomes only another collection of high-sounding but meaningless platitudes.

We must go home from Saigon as actionists -- to stir up to prod, to set fire to the hopes, the aspirations, and the courage of our peoples. Only to the brave goes the laurel. Only those who fight for freedom are entitled to be free. This is our test -- not only as a League, but as people who say that liberty means more than life itself. Let us prove ourselves now -- and in the months just ahead -- with a mighty crusade of revolution that will sweep Communism, colonialism, and aggression from Asia and from the earth.

SPEECH DELIVERED BY THE CHIEF DELEGATE OF MACAU

Chairman :

LADIES and GENTLEMEN :

Since the World War II Soviet Russia played a good game by finding the differences between the Western Democracies in order to pursue a gradual expansion of Soviet Imperialism over the world. This aggressive spearhead first pointed to China, one of the largest countries in Asia. The Chinese Communist regime acts under the nose of the Soviet Union. After the whole mainland of China had been occupied a further aggression, the Korean War, was stirred up. The aggressor's ambition of expansion would never cease. Not only the 450 million Chinese people were subjugated behind the iron curtain helplessly but also millions of Asian Peoples are facing the threats of persecution and slavery. Up to the present should the peoples of the free world not rise up immediately to form a defense line and bring the communist activities to a full stop what the Soviet Russia had boasted of "Conquer Europe through Peking" would be realised as scheduled and mankind will suffer an endless evil.

In the course of communist subversion the Asian Peoples are the first to face the invasion and whether is it for the purpose of prosperity and peace of Asia or to save the whole world from communist subjugation the free Asian peoples should be the first to share the responsibility to clear the communists without hesitation. Therefore, we should give our full support and immediate response to Asian Leaders who urged the Asian peoples to organize the APACL.

Macau is a small port with a population more than hundred thousands but as it is bordering the iron curtain the Macau people know well about the cruelty of Communists and they have a strong will against communism. Their grievances turn out a tremendous force ready for the holy war of anti-communist subversion and Soviet Imperialism. I avail myself of this opportunity to express the wish of free people of Macau and stress the following principles for the information of the world.

We are of the opinion that the communists falsify the theory of evolution in the history of mankind : they neglect the living of people and they are blind to the fact that human beings have gained such a progress in culture that superceded the materialism. It leads to the bitter fight between classes and consequently brings to China, even to the whole Asia the endless evils. We fight against the communists not in the standpoint of opponent political parties seeking for authority and influence over the government now that of private hatred and revenge but at the standpoint of pursuit of reality and justice supported by theories and proofs. We are not indifferent with the fact that individuals are forced to fight each other on their way to graves and therefore, we should frustrate the communists to pieces.

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We believe that in order to prevent the overflow of communism we should close the gap through which it whirls and this open gap was created by the fall of mainland, of China into the hands of communists. The most effective means is to drive Bolshevik out of Chinese mainland. Not only the Asian peoples of the free world should make clear this point but also the peoples of the free world should not remain indifferent. Though every Chinese holds responsible for the recovery of the mainland of China all the freedom-loving countries over the world should, for the purpose of guarding their own freedom and safety, offer full support so that this gap may be closed and the communists subversion might be stopped.

In short, the Asian peoples are now engaged in a life and death struggle against the Soviet Imperialism and there is no way out unless we work together in the holy war. We are willing to join the Macau people regardless of their nationalities who are steadfast anti-communists to form a stronghold for the free world and we fight side by side against the Soviet Imperialism in the hope that we might reconstruct a free and democratic Asia.

Our present work :

1. Organize various labour institutions to carry out anti-communist activities.
2. Help the Chinese refugees who escaped from the mainland and help them to go to free China.
3. To organize the student to study the fundamental theories for anti-communism.
4. Exhibition of propaganda pictures and cinema every week.
5. Send balloons with pamphlets etc... to the mainland.

We are willing to try our best to carry out the resolutions made by APACL and hope you will give us advice and guidance so that we may work effectively.-

SPEECH BY THE MALAYAN DELEGATION

Mr. Chairman and Fellow Delegates :

Malayan Communist appeared their ugly head in 1921 under the name of Marxism study Club, until 1931 when members of the 3rd International went there and organized their unit officially called M.C.P.

But members of M.C.P. were under the guise of Malayan Peoples anti-Jap Army to build up their military power.

They formed the so-called People's Committee immediately after the war in order to mould Malaya into a so-called "People's Republic".

In 1948 the British promised Malaya to attain independence at the same time declared to the M.C.P. an unlawful organization. But M.C.P. began their military disturbance openly. Thus, Malaya has become an emergency state.

The movements of M.C.P. during the period of Emergency are :

1. Used limited military tactics to overthrow the local Government.
2. Make armed riots to destroy economic and social construction. They also cried for an independent Malaya and carried out a watch-word of anti-British, but these efforts have lost their significance. That's why their developments now and perhaps after the independence of Malaya will be :
1. To ask the local government to lift the Emergency law in order to weaken the strength of anti-communist.
2. They are asking for legal political states to utilize Democracy openly for the purpose of putting Communist into official practice again.

The efforts of the Malayan got in combating M.C.P. politically are :

1. To allow citizenship for the different races of population living in the country.
2. To stress the importance of Independence and used the same anti-British movement to combat Communism.

And so today, Malaya shall become an independent country in August,

But suddenly, the M.C.P. ask for peace negotiations with the Government, as a matter of fact, they are in line with the Chinese Communists, its' merely another form of propaganda.



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Besides these, we, the Malayan Delegation wish to say that such situation in Malaya was due to the fact that policies toward Red China, M.C.P. and even International C.P. leave a long gap.

And the attitude of the local Government towards a local mixed races population which needs fair and justice hurt the work of anti-Communism.

So these are our conclusion.

1. The Policy of M.C.P. is in line with all the Communist Parties in Asian countries.
2. To achieve Independence for Malaya anti-Communist is a "must" with a view of getting confidence for the mixed-race population.

8 years of anti-communist bitter record passed so swiftly without satisfactorily achievement in our country.

3. To get quick results, in its anti-Communist movement, Malaya must be united together with all the other Asian countries and the free world.

The prospect of Asian countries depends on the abolition of destroying the old conception of how to govern the people.

I hope this conference will do something to race against the so-called afro-asian group. In the March of the Asian peoples' revolution, we should abolish Communism completely, wishing that the success of our conference here in Saigon will have a better success than the afro-Asian Communist.-

SPEECH DELIVERED BY THE PAKISTANI DELEGATION AT
A. P. A. C. L.'s CONFERENCE AT SAIGON

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F r i e n d s . -

As I rise to speak on behalf of Pakistan I bring to you and through you to the peoples of Asia the greetings and good wishes of the people of Pakistan. In this fast-contracting world of ours we cannot live in isolation and we are, therefore, happy to associate ourselves with our fellow-Asians in discussing our common problems.

Communism is a challenge and the challenge has to be met and met in an effective manner. Merely decrying them for exposing their subversive activities or showing the abusiveness of their tactics will not help. What is the answer to the Challenge in the big question? Why do our intellectuals, in particular our educated youth, fall a prey to the allurements of communism? Why does most of the newly independent countries of Asia offer such fertile grounds for breeding the germs of communism? We must thrash out the root causes of these questions and advance concrete and positive proposals to the awakened and resurgent peoples of Asia.

The dominant factor in Asia today is the defeat of colonialism. Most of the states are free or are about to be free; and each one of them is faced with the problem of political, economic and social reconstruction. The independent movements in the various Asian countries were mainly led by our intellectuals, and they did extremely well, but unfortunately today they find themselves unable to tackle the new problems which are before their countries. However, good intentioned and well-meant they may be, they are ill-equipped to bear the new responsibilities. The reason is that the education they received and the training they got were all very good for the negative task of driving out

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the foreign rulers, which they did splendidly well. But their education, their training and their experiences failed to keep them company in the programme of post-independence reconstruction works; and their inability to function creatively in their society is now driving them to frustration and confused thinking; and this has its natural repercussions on the masses of their areas.

Communists naturally take advantage of this confusion, this unrest and this frustration. The Communists always fish in troubled waters. The post-independent conditions in the backward and under-developed countries of Asia offer them the best germinating ground. Please remember that unless we are prepared to strike at the very root this hydra-headed demon will keep on being a source of constant worry. We must keep in mind their chief targets of attacks, i.e., the peasants, the labourers and the working classes. Their peace offensives, their subtle preaching of Neutralism, their presentation of utopias, all these have to be countered with effective alternatives. They preach day in and day out that in their Order lies the panacea of all the ills of the world. We who are followers of Religion and believers of Democracy, why can we not in our regimes and in our countries, through deeds show that it is we who not only preach the Dignity of Man but practise it in our day to day life. Through a changed Social Order, why can't we offer better wages, better living conditions and guarantee all the Social amenities and securities to our working classes which our communist friends talk about.

Our leadership, in most of the Asian countries needs a big shake-up. The days of arm-chair leadership is gone. The leaders today must be servants of the people, understanding their heart-beats and behaving like one of them. Imposed leadership is not only not acceptable; they are just incapable of delivering

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the goods. The outlook, the approach, the attitude, nay their very method of work, have got to change to suit the needs of the Times. There is trouble in Asia because of the vacuum in its leadership. And if we, who have firm faith in the democratic way of living and in the moral values of Life, are not prepared to give our people Dynamic and above all positive and creative leadership believe me the threat of Communism will not abate.

We have to, if we want to survive, keep pace with the March of Times or else under the sheer speed of Time and stress of Space we shall be crushed.

Sell Democracy to the People in a Practical manner, for that alone is the answer to this continuous communist threat which is tearing our society in a manner that it is not easy to heal the ruptures. Only if we offer something healthy and attractive to the people, they shall refuse to fall a prey to the charms of much-trumpeted and widely advertised communism. You have to present your point of view, your side of the picture, yes your Case, in a manner acceptable to the people. You must publish more and more cheap, yes, near-free literature, in the local languages to tell people the benefits of Democratic life and a Life which stands for Higher Values. But here again we must be absolutely clear. People will turn a deaf ear to all preachings of the Higher aspects of life if they are starving and naked. True, Man does not live by bread alone but for heaven's sake don't forget the bread part of it. The Prophet of Islam has very rightly warned "Beware of Poverty; it leads one to the very gates of heresy".

Let us look at the slow moving democracies of Asia. True, there is regimentation in the totalitarian states, but their pace of apparent development is so fast that they leave us of the free

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world far behind in the race of material progress. Our people are no robots,; they have eyes to see and ears to hear; and to compare is part of Man's nature; and as a result he falls a prey to the allurements, coupled with subtle publicity by the Goebbles of the communist world. We have to shake off our sleepy ways; we have to throw our lethargic manner of doing things. In this atomic age we cannot be going on with snail's speed.

The people must be explained the hollowness of just being lost in the material side of life. After all there is a soul in our body and the yearnings of the soul have got to be satisfied, and the soul-less cult of communism cannot, by its very nature satisfy this important urge of human life.

We have got to prick the communist bubble that under their regime changes come as if by magic. We must also tell the people the heavy price of the loss of their entity and their individual freedom which they surrender in exchange of their assured bread and butter. The loss of one's self is a colossal loss and this must be dinned into the ears of our people, for who is the benefittor if he gains the mirage of the whole world but loses his own 'self' in the bargain.

My small delegation represents Pakistan. Ours is a Welfare State, a state based on the ideology of Islam. In my country, the communists, despite their frantic efforts, have not been able to make much heady-way, because we pitch the higher ideology of Islam against the god-less and purely materialistic ideology of Communism. Nonetheless we are conscious of the danger. We know the subtle inroads these communist cells of workers are capable of making. Yes, we are not complacent. We are, therefore, not content only by preaching Moral values and by popularising higher and noble aspects of life; we are also, therefore, making sincere efforts to ameliorate the conditions of our mases. We want to obliterate

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the very ponds where our Communist friends may be able to fish. But our task is not easy. We still have old fashioned and self-centred capitalists and we still have our feudal land-lords. They must be told of the coming storm and they must be asked to mend their ways. It, however, takes time before you change your Social Order, but we are at it, and I am confident we shall succeed but it means hard and planned work, continuous and a sustained work and work at all levels.

We must realise that we have to deal with communists who do not believe in moral scruples. To achieve their object they would do things, fair and foul; they can stoop to any level to conquer. Subtle are their ways and well camouflaged are their techniques and methods. Therefore, our task becomes more difficult. But the difficulty has to be faced and faced boldly. The hurdles have to be crossed if we want to reach our goal. So let us plan, keeping in view not only our Objectives but our difficulties also.

In this Conference, therefore, we must, if we are anxious to make our countries better places to live in and safe from the threat of Communism, agree to change our Negative approach and draw up Positive Programmes of Healthy and Creative Activities for these alone are the ways to meet the growing threat of Communism. With this back-ground, let us work singly and collectively to make Asia, nay the world, safe for Democracy, Faith and Freedom.

Long Live Democracy !!!

(INAMULLAH KHAN)

PAKISTAN

SPEECH BY MR. JOSE M. HERNANDER, CHIEF DELEGATE OF
THE PHILIPPINE DELEGATION

To the APACL
Delegates in Saigon.-

I wish to thank the Vietnam government and people on behalf of the Philippine Delegation for the warm reception given us and for the one-minute silent prayer offered by APACL this morning for the repose of the soul of our illustrious President, the late Ramon Magsaysay.

I wish to report that in the Philippines the Communists have shifted from armed resistance to infiltration and parliamentary tactics. The HUKS, the military arm of the Communist Party have been beaten, they have abandoned the military struggle and have presented themselves as candidates for public office. Some of them have been elected.

But this does not mean that they have totally abandoned violence. The situation now in the Philippines is as follows : while outwardly the HUKS, who are now merely a handful, have given up the military struggle and are now using the more peaceful methods of infiltration of our schools, mass media, and government offices, when the first opportunity offers, they use their arms again. In fact, even at this very moment, some of the roving bands of the HUKS, harass, pillage, and destroy peaceful and defenseless villages.

Perhaps this is the reason why in our Congress today there is a Bill under consideration which aims to outlaw the Communist Party and any other association which has the same subversive objectives as the Communist Party. The supporters of the Bill believe that this is not a violation of the right of association because as long as any association does not have the subversive purposes of the Communist Party will be allowed to exist in our democratic system.

I sincerely believe that this Bill will become a law. It will give further proof of the desire of the Filipino people to free itself and the rest of Asia and the world from the menace of Communism.

Our greatest threat comes from Red China. Our country consists of 7083 islands and therefore, the coastline is almost limitless. Red Chinese infiltrate the country through the southern islands and merge with the population. In a year or two they become a part

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they become a part of the population. These are the enemies we must watch for they pose the greatest danger to our country.

I wish to tell you about our tragic loss - the death of President Magsaysay. His death stunned and caught us completely by surprise. We are still staggering from the shock.

The most significant effect of his death however, was that in spite of the fact that President Magsaysay was the greatest and the most popular leader we have ever had, in spite of the fact that one and a half million Filipinos lined up the streets of Manila to catch a last glimpse of Ramon Magsaysay, his departure did not and will not trigger an upheaval, an uprising, a revolt, or a revolution. The people are calm, cool, and sober.

They have been plunged into deep sorrow. But now they have begun to stand up, look up, and take up the mission of preserving democracy under a new type of leader.-

Carlos P. Garcia,

President Carlos P. Garcia is not an impulsive, brash, and physically active person. He is cool, calm, deliberate. He has pledged to follow the great political program of the late President. And he is getting national support,

He has pledged his word against Communism and Neutralism. He is for the common man. He is soft-spoken, humble, and intelligent.

One week after the burial of President Magsaysay, the entire country - 7083 islands and 22,000,00 Filipinos have given their word in support of President Carlos P. Garcia.

President Garcia will succeed because like Magsaysay he is against Communism which is the common enemy of Asia and the rest of the world. With President Garcia at the helm, the Philippines will take its rightful place as a sworn and inveterate enemy of COMMUNISM and preserver of Democracy in this Part of the world.

Almighty God will not let us down because Garcia is a good man.

SPEECH OF MR. TSAI CHANG, CHIEF DELEGATE OF
THE RYUKYUS, TO THE THIRD A.P.A.C.L.
CONFERENCE

Mr. Chairman and Fellow Delegates :

It is gratifying to see that seven new members and five observers have been admitted into the Asian Peoples anti-Communist League, and that our development will be strengthened by the increase of League members. I am sure that the well-organized preparation of the Conference by the Vietnam chapter will symbolize the future prosperity of our APACL activities.

I will avail myself of this opportunity to give a brief report on the anti-communist operation in the Ryukyus.

After the first conference at Chinhae, the Ryukyu Chapter was established and started anti-communist activities with the help of other organizations such as the Way-of-Life Defence Society and the Ryukyuan reconstruction Promoting Association. Their anti-communist activities have been on an island wide scale.

As it is well-known, the Ryukyus is acting as an anti-Communist outpost in the Western Pacific. Therefore, the Communists have been attempting to disturb the peace of the Ryukyus by infiltrating into both military and civil administration. It is only too obvious that the controversial land problem and anti-American movements on the Ryukyus have been instigated by the Chinese Communist through the Japanese Communists. To thwart the Communist subversive activities we Ryukyuans are making every effort in improving our civil administration, stabilizing our economy, enacting laws against Communism, strengthening our cooperation with the U.S. Government and working out a solution for the land problem.

Since we Ryukyuans shook off their yoke of Japan after World War II We have been marching toward political independence. This movement has been fully supported by the Republic of China, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines and other freedom-loving peoples of the world.

We are perfectly confident that the ultimate end of our struggle against Communism and fight for political independence will be successfully attained. WE sincerely hope that our fellow-delegates will render their full support to expedite our struggle and enable us to fulfill our desire.

Now I would like to make the following proposals for the consideration of the Conference:

1. We propose that, in order to thwart the Communist infiltration into economic fields of Asia and secure the regional economic cooperation among free nations in Asia, delegates of member nations and regions of the Asian Peoples Anti-Communist League recommend their respective

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governments to set up a common market system for free nations in Asia to protect their common economic interests as a means to display their anti-Communist determination and unity before all the peace-loving peoples of the world, and that Communist nations and fence-sitting countries are definitely to be excluded from the common market system.

2. We propose that, in order to strengthen our joint defense against the Communists in the Far East and secure our victory in the anti-Communist war with high morale, the League request the Chiefs of State of the United States, the Republic of China, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and the Republic of Vietnam to meet at a suitable place in the near future to thoroughly review the situation in the Far East and discuss effective steps necessary for our joint anti-Communist operation against the peace offensive of the Communists.

3. We propose that, in order to maintain the status quo of the Ryukyus to pave the way for the future independence of the Ryukyu Islands, the Asian Peoples Anti-Communist League render moral support to the Ryukyuans' desire for political independence to be given as soon as the threat of the Communists in the Far East is eliminated and against Japan's reoccupation of the Ryukyus by means of her colonialists' distorted idea of "residual sovereignty" over the Ryukyus.

In conclusion, I wish this Conference could be carried on successfully with rich results.--

SPEECH BY THE SINGAPORE DELEGATE

Mister Chairman, delegates and guests, I came from Singapore to attend the third Conference of APACL here, I should thank the Council to permit me as a member to the League.

Besides I thank the host, the Vietnam Government for the kind entertainment. I am representing the Anti-Communist people in Singapore, I did not prepare a speech; but I just report the circumstances of Singapore.

Singapore with a population of over a million and among them are many races, Malays, Chinese, Indians, Pakistanis and the other Eurasians, Ceylones, Europeans, Americans and Australians. The people there for a long period living happily and friendly to one another.

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The people there/not only peace loving, but also law abiding, and communism is a hatred to them. Till World War II the communist had a chance for their propaganda. The hypocrites used some newspapers to attack the Fascists and until the Pacific War began the communists moved to the second step to attack Imperialism. The Japanese occupied Singapore for three and a half years, the people there were suffering and after Liberation the pro-communists newspapers poisoned the people's mind by attacking the British Government could not defend the Colony, let the place downfall and made the people there be victims of the Japs.

Not so long later the British Government ruled out the Malayan Communist Party and their subversive activities were stopped; but their propaganda to the laborers and students which worked underground strengthen day after day.

Soon after the Communists occupied the China mainland, the British Government planned to reckonize them and later the Indian Government supported the Red-China too; so affected the Chinese and Indian people there.

Elected Government was affected by the Strikes of labourers which secretly directed by the communist devils. Riots by bus-men and riots by students caused the unrest of Singapore; so the Elected Government determined to comb these subversive activities and maintained the peace and order.

But soon after that the Chinese Chamber of Commerce formed a so-called Trade Mission for Peking and many merchants and businessmen supported it. This was a great blow to justice and loyalty, I cannot describe it too much. At present the Red China sent invitation to the Singapore Trade Union Congress to send a mission to visit Peking and the Chairman of the said Trade Union Congress had spoken to the press that the Chamber of Commerce could send a mission why not the Trade Unions.

The Communist Imperialism is the most dangerous units of the World; if we won't wake up and unite together to fight against them there will be no freedom, no democracy and no happiness.



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It is between Life and Death, if we cannot conquer them, they will conquer us.

Let us appeal to all nations in the World to co-operate with our League and be a Unified Front to fight against them; so we can have Freedom, Democracy and Happiness.

The Elected Government of Singapore have determined to fight against Colonialism and Communism and even after Self-Government, I believe any Party in Government will do the same.

I wish a success of our League and appeal to all the delegates and people of the World to work shoulder to shoulder until Communism de cease.

Tsai Huisheng
Singapore

TURKISH DELEGATION.

Mr. Chairman, Your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen,

We are here because we earnestly believe that every one of us has to share in the international responsibilities which all free peoples must accept if liberty is to be maintained and security established. Our Turkish brigade is still on the watch in South Korea for the very same reason. We are with you because just like you we believe that which makes the value of life should not be given up even for the sake of life. We are with you to the end in this anti-communist fight because the people of Turkey after eleven major wars with Russia have always proven that they would rather die on their feet than live on their knees.

Forgive me if my opening remarks have sounded a little over sentimental. In my brief analysis today, until later discussions, I will try to refrain as much as possible from such sentimental approach, although sincerely I do believe that in this fight of human dignity, we need sentiment and morality almost as much as bombs, if not more in some cases.

Let us try to remember that, almost twelve years ago, as my country and many others were signing the Charter of the United Nations, battleships and cruisers ready for battle were anchored in the naval base of San Francisco, the roar of cannon was still thundering over battlefields across the Ocean, and precious lives were being lost in the last stages of a horrible war.

This terrible war had been fought in the defence of justice and freedom, and for the liberation of the oppressed peoples. As it was being brought to a victorious end, our very hope and aspiration for a lasting peace in dignity and freedom was centered on the newly established United Nations.

What happened ? Before the ink of hope had begun to dry, one country after another had lost its freedom and independence through infiltration, subversion, force and threat of force, when new aggression was perpetrated on continent after continent.

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My friends, Hitler was rightly not tolerated for his crimes, his disciples were hanged in Nürnberg, but the Russian conqueror who rules today a bloc of 900 million enslaved peoples and stretches from the Adriatic to the Yellow Sea, who only in Europe keeps 100 million people under its yoke and again only in Europe has added 392,000 square miles to its territories, strangely enough continues to expand unhindered. This is one side of the picture and a very sad picture indeed. Now let us look at the other side.

During the past decade, 18 nations totalling 650 million people, that is one fourth of the human race, have gained independence. Freedom thus came to 2,894,000 square miles. Add to this Ghana, the former Gold Coast, and soon we will be adding many other nations of Asia and Africa. All because freedom loving nations have long since realized that other nations have the right to live in liberty.

Why is it then that in the tremendous Russian Empire with a population of 215 million inhabitants, 65 different nations and over 200 tribes, no one can dare ask for freedom? Everybody knows the answer. I will not repeat what has been said over and over again. Specially now when the world has newly witnessed the Hungarian Tragedy, where the Bolshevist regime let drop its mask before the eyes of the whole world, when it decided to suppress by military intervention, involving thousands of Soviet tanks, an uprising of the workers and students against the masters of a "peoples' democracy". Such cynical brutality must have proved at last that in the final analysis Soviet communism is not interested in ideas and ideologies but in naked power. I earnestly hope that those who have believed the talk about relaxation and peaceful co-existence and the hypocritical policy of de-Stalinization, who have at least hoped that this change of attitude will lead to an international relaxation which will create the "new climate", that means the return to diplomacy in the East-West conflict making negotiation possible, have this time learned their lesson better. Those of us who know better have no lesson to learn as we have always believed that it is the luxury of the free people to discuss and disagree, that it is the privilege of the democratic way of life to have differences, yet remain friends.

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Even you, the Vietnamese, the Nationalist Chinese and the Phillipinos, you are good friends ! All three of you have delegations at this meeting and have joined hands against the aggressors, yet you can still have territorial disputes among yourselves over the ownership of the Nansha and Paracel Islands. It is all right to have differences as long as we always keep in mind that while we are busily bent on our own problems, Moscow is also busy sending agitators to all these places and others trying to create a climate unhealthy enough for microbes to flourish easily and quickly, thus preparing for future take-overs. If our mutual fight against communism is not placed before our national interests, then we are bound to loose, as in that case we certainly create vacuums for communist subversion. How can we then expect military strength alone to fight dishonesty ? To my mind this is the key to the problem.

Dishonesty of course, as they can be anti-nationalist in France, pro-nationalist in Egypt, anti-royalist in Greece, pro-Ibn Saud in Saudi Arabia, pro-Moslem and anti-colonialist in French North Africa, yet in India they favor the Hindu cause with regard to Kashmir. All this and more going on in different places at the same time, is liable to change altogether in opposite directions if such be the need until world imperialism, the final goal, is accomplished.

With all this, I must quickly add that I am not as desperate as I was after the Geneva Conference. What the Moscow Trials, the concentration camps, the Jewish doctors' "plot", the hanging of Rajk, the war in Korea could not do, Budapest has finally done. November 1956 has brought one of those lightning illuminations of the situation as are rare in the life of individuals and nations. I think this is very important for the future.

Already more and more, governments turn their eyes to the subversive activities of the communist parties or hidden groups in their democratic states.

President Eisenhower in a recent letter to Senator Bill Knowland, says : "We cannot wage peace with American arms alone. We cannot ignore the danger of subversion." The dangerous inferiority complex created by our surrendering, the psychological

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initiative to the enemy seems to be thoroughly understood.

The day has come when the struggle of masses of men under the communist regime towards personal freedom cannot be halted, it can only be delayed. Those who revolted did not head the 175 Russian divisions, nearly 5 million men or the 80 divisions built up in the East European satellites, including Germany, now organized under the Warsaw Treaty. They fought with their fists. Now the world knows that the big change specially in the satellites is that some of these men are beginning to show signs of putting their own country first. Thus the change in Russian foreign policy was a result of this necessity and this necessity is for the very purpose of affirming and securing the status quo in Europe while organizing subversive activities and penetrating more and more into the Afro-Asian countries. But now the West seems to have learned that a world order based on law cannot be built with a no-force policy, that such a policy far from achieving world law, outlaws peace, that an organized anti-subversive campaign is absolutely necessary, that communist imperialism can neither be fought with social reforms nor with military superiority, only that the issue is not a question of alternatives alone, but of diverse actions that add up to a whole.

Out of such necessity emerged the Eisenhower doctrine ! Will it succeed ? This will be the turning point of the whole East-West conflict.

The Middle East the meeting point of three continents, the birth place of Western civilization and three of the greatest monitheistic religions. It was in this area that Alexander the Great, Mark Antony, Pompei, later Napoleon and Hitler, sought the clue to international Power. It is here that we find the shortest water route from West to East. Planes based here are within the reach of any point on any of the three continents. Add to all this the importance of oil, with an estimate of 500 million tons for 1960, a 500 % increase since 1950. And remember that much more than half of the world's oil resources are here, you will see the picture clearly... For years Russia has been working in this key point to downgrade Western influence, to increase Soviet friendship and specially to encourage and bring on Arab

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nationalization of Western-owned oil concessions. We have now realized what subversion can do. Are we too late? Who will move into the vacuum created by the diminution of Anglo-French influence and power? It all depends on how the Eisenhower doctrine is going to be implemented, it is certainly a decision in the right direction: the following phase in the President's speech before the Congress "The employment of the armed forces of the United States to secure and protect the territorial integrity and political independence of such nations requesting such aid against overt armed aggression from any nation controlled by international communism" is certainly a concrete statement. But truly there is a doubt in my mind about the meaning of "overt armed aggression". For instance if one Middle Eastern country attacked another and requested Soviet "volunteers", would this constitute such aggression? If not then I should say much more is needed as the Truman doctrine did not prevent the rape of Czechoslovakia. How can the Eisenhower doctrine save Syria from a similar fate?

Again and again we must remember that the ultimate problem concerns peoples rather than nations, and that Arab nationalism is infinitely more anti-Western and anti-Israeli than anti-communist. Secondly, never will the Russians choose the clumsy method of marching Soviet divisions into this area. So there will not be an "overt armed aggression". There will be Abdul Nassers and Al-Kuwatlys instead. Sukarno's example must have taught us that pompous receptions do not help. So it is of no use wanting to invite Nasser to the United States for a chat either. But on the other hand we must remember that the Eisenhower doctrine in a way will help the Baghdad Pact countries, Pakistan, Irak, Iran, Turkey, to grow stronger, and it will be these countries, and I hope soon others in this area, that will play a major rôle in the fight against hidden and open communist aggression. Already the Baghdad Pact, although the United States have joined it only in a sort of morganatic marriage has brought about a stabilization of conditions and has filled up the strategic vacuum in the south western approaches to the Soviet empire. The importance of this Middle Eastern defence belt lays mostly in the importance it has attached to the anti-subversive committee whose aims extend beyond the area of the signatory states. Far more than its military importance or the activity of its economic committee

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is the obligation of the Baghdad Pact member states to fight communism in the interior.

Will you allow me now to dwell a very short instant on my own country, so that you our friends can better visualize our rôle in the defence of the free world. As Turkey stretches all along the underbelly of Russia (1) on the East she borders the Soviet Republic of Transcaucasia, and (2) on the west Bulgaria, today in the Russian orbit. So any attempt of Russia to stretch to the south will first meet with the Turkish obstacle ! But once this obstacle is overcome, then from the Turkish border through Syria, Irak and Egypt there are no natural barriers but an ocean of sand. Consequently the conqueror could fan out to the Indian Ocean, to Africa and the shores of the Atlantic as rapidly as his tanks can take him. Now we can better see the importance of the Straits about this water way between Europe and Asia that connects the Black Sea with the Mediterranean. Napoleon said : "He who controls the Straits, controls the world". He, too, of course was referring to Russia.

Should Russia gain control of the Straits, then she would control the Mediterranean, extend her influence from the Black Sea to the Suez Canal and as far as Gibraltar. No wonder, at the Potsdam Conference in 1945 when Mr. Truman suggested the internationalization of all the strategic waterways of the world including the Turkish Straits, the Rhine-Danube waterway, the Suez, Panama and Kiel Canals, Stalin was interested only in the Turkish Straits. But Moscow knows today that Turkish foreign policy is based on confidence in its own demonstrated strength and rightful objectives, it does not stem from fear of Russia. Turkey has always boldly maintained the initiative. On the other hand, as you must know, communism is outlawed in my country. It is also outlawed in the hearts of the 24 million Turks. For us a communist cannot be a Turk, we consider it shamefully degrading to be a slave to a butcher.

My friends, there is so much more to say, what has been said could have been so much better defined. This is just a quick snapshot, incomplete, not too good, but sincere. We have come here to learn, and by learning we will better serve.

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Mr. Chairman, Your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen !
This is a decisive period in our evolution, when the whole
future may hang in the balance, when small happenings may tip
the scale one way or the other.

What we need is a policy which combines liberty with
authority and tempers firmness with reason. I completely agree
with Mr. Gorachek, publisher of the Possev, that history is
calling on us and the forces of freedom can not refuse to head
its appeal. May our joint efforts and deliberations at this
Conference guide us to the right solutions in the best interests
of mankind.

Signed : NAZH TLABAR
20-3-1957.

FOR YOUR INFORMATION

From: THE OFFICE OF THE TURKISH PRESS ATTACH
2523 Massachusetts Avenue, N.W.
WASHINGTON 8, D.C.
Phone: HO. 2-3157

TURKISH WOMAN M.P. IN UNITED STATES

The grand daughter of the last Grand Vizier of the Ottoman Empire is now in the United States on a good-will visit - as a member of the Grand National Assembly (Parliament) of the young and modern Turkish Republic. Mrs. Nazli Tlabar, who is serving for a second term as a Democrat representative from Istanbul in the Assembly, symbolizes both the enlightened and modern womanhood of Turkey and also the spectacular change from a decadent empire to a modern, western democracy. This is her second visit to the United States; she was one of the Turkish delegates to the meeting of the Interparliamentary Union which took place in 1953 in Washington.

Mrs. Tlabar who is 43, has always been active in political and women's organizations since her graduation from the American Girls College in Istanbul. The peak of these activities was when she was elected to the Assembly in 1950 as a member of the Democrat Party which won an overwhelming majority of the seats. She was re-elected in 1954.

As a member of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Grand National Assembly she lives a very hectic life both in and out of Turkey. She has traveled extensively during the last years, representing Turkey in important meetings in Formosa, Switzerland and England. She was recently invited to address the political center of the Conservative Party of England on the subject of "Turkey in Europe". - a subject she knows intimately as a member of the Council of Europe. She is also the President of the Women's Association of Turkey and of the Turkish-American Society of Andara.

Mrs. Tlabar inspite of her busy schedule manages to find time to devote to her husband, who is the President of the Turkish Board of Trade, and to her 14 year old son.

SPEECH BY THE REPRESENTATIVE OF THE A.B.N.-

Your Excellencies,
Delegates and Guests !

It is a great honour to us to be able to take part as guests in the Third Conference of the Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League, and in the name of the Central Committee of the Anti-Bolshevik Bloc of Nations (ABN) we wish to express our sincerest greetings to you and our best wishes for the complete success of this historic Congress. We do so as the spokesman of the following national revolutionary organizations and centres of the peoples of East Europe and Soviet Asia who have been subjugated by Communism and Russian imperialism : Committee Free Armenia, Bulgarian National Front, Byelorussian Central Council, Cossack National Liberation Movement, Czech Movement for Freedom (Za Svobodu), Czech National Committee, Estonian Liberation Movement, Union of the Estonian Fighters for Freedom, Georgian National Organization, Hungarian Liberation Movement, Hungarian Mindszenty Movement, Latvian Association for the Struggle against Communism, Lithuanian Rebirth Movement, Polish Christian Social Movement, Slovak Liberation Committee, National Turkestanian Unity Committee, Ukrainian Hetman Union, and Organization of Ukrainian Nationalists.

We should like to express our special thanks to the Vietnam Chapter of the APACL, the host of this Conference.

At the same time, we should like to express our pleasure at being able to get to know Vietnam as the advanced sector of the front in the uncompromising anti-Communist fight of freedom-loving Asia. The warlike spirit of this valiant people shall be a reminder to all of us of our imperative duty to overthrow the Communist world enemy together by a united front.

We are also extremely grateful to the China Chapter of the APACL and, in particular, to President Ku Cheng-kang for having enabled me to visit Free China in October, 1955, at his invitation and gain an insight into the unique achievements of this admirable country in all spheres of life from the point of view of the anti-Bolshevist fight, and also for the fact that the cooperation between the ABN and the APACLROC has been realized.

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And it is thus our privilege to take part as guests in this Conference which is of far-reaching significance.

Ladies and Gentlemen ! - The Anti-Bolshevik Bloc of Nations (ABN) is a co-ordination centre of the national revolutionary liberation organizations of the peoples subjugated by Moscow's imperialism and Communism. Its aim is to destroy the Bolshevik imperium from within by means of national liberation revolutions, in order to disintegrate it into national independent states of the nations which are subjugated in it. In this respect I am thinking in particular of Esthonia, Latvia, Lithuania, Byelorussia, Poland, Slovakia, Bohemia, Hungary, Roumania, Bulgaria, Ukraine, Georgia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, North Caucasia, Turkestan, and other freedom-loving countries.

The activity of the ABN, however, is not merely confined to the direct Soviet sphere of influence of East Europe, but also supports the fight for freedom of the peoples behind the Bamboo Curtain, who are aiming to achieve their independence and the overthrow of the Communist order of society. Indeed, the ABN is fighting Communism and Russian imperialism in the whole world on the basis of the recognition of state independence and a free social and state political system for all the nations on the earth. And it regards as its friends all those who unconditionally profess these principles.

The ABN, as the representative of the will to freedom of the non-Russian peoples held in captivity in the Soviet sphere of influence, on principle rejects the Russian imperium in every form. In accordance with its principle - "Freedom for Nations ! Freedom for Individuals !" - however, it recognizes the right of the Russian people, too, to their own national state within their ethnographical frontiers.

In this world there must no longer be any division into ruling nations and slave nations, nor must there be any special privileges or tutelage for some nations and not for others. All peoples, regardless of their race, religion, size and wealth, are equal in God's sight and have the same right to freedom and national independence and to lead their own life in keeping with their national, religious and cultural traditions. For this reason we wholeheartedly welcomed the proclamation of the independence of the Republic of Vietnam and of the Republic of Korea, for these historic events represent an important factor of progress in the development of the human race.

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In the clash between the imperial and the national idea in the present era, the national idea always emerges triumphant, as can be seen from recent events in Africa, for instance, and the example of Ghana. The question thus arises, why - if all empires are being dissolved - should the Russian colonial empire alone be preserved ? ! This is undoubtedly, as the revolutionary fights for freedom behind the Iron Curtain prove, already a historical anachronism !

Since the Western empires have retired from the scene, Russian colonialism is endeavouring, above all in Asia and Africa, to take over the legacy of these empires by means of cunning watchwords of national and social liberation, with the aim of setting up a single world empire, which Lenin designated by the harmless formula of a "World Federation of Soviet Socialist Republics."

In this polarity of contrasts between a world imperial Communist order of coercion and a free world integration on the basis of organically ordered national state systems, the APACL Conference is at present confronted by a very important task : the exposure of world Communism as a camouflage for a new vicious colonialism, which intends to enslave mankind by the totalitarian system, in order to extend the Russian colonial empire over the whole world with the aid of its Red Chinese, Red Korean, Red Indonesian and other tools.

In the process of exposing this new Russian colonialism our ABN peoples and their liberation organizations, which for decades have experienced Bolshevik rule, are best fitted to help the APACL, all the more so since our fundamental principles are entirely in keeping with the freedom aims of the peoples of Asia.

The participation of representatives of non-Asian peoples in this APACL Conference and the exchange of experiences and ideas will most certainly be a big step forward in the formation of a common world front on the basis of state independence for all nations. The encirclement of the Bolshevik imperium of tyrants by means of a global front of freedom and the moral and political pressure exerted by this front will increase the dynamic potential of the subjugated peoples still more. This increased activity behind the Bamboo and the Iron Curtain, together with our active support from the free world, would bring about the downfall of the despotic empire.

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It would be of considerable importance for the success of the fight against Moscow's new colonialism if the APACL Conference were to approach the Western Major Powers with the recommendation that they should proclaim a Great Charter of the Independence of all Nations of the World, as a basis for the future world political order after the downfall of the Communist imperium of slavery.

The vulnerable spot of the Russian colonial imperium lies in the national urge to freedom of the subjugated peoples. To apply the lever here is to contribute a valuable share towards destroying this peoples' prison from within. In addition to the organic crimes in the unnatural Communist social and economic system and in addition to the totalitarian enslavement of the individual, the national problem represents the deadliest danger to Moscow's colonial empire.

The Communist conception of the world cannot be opposed by a similar ideology, but only by an entirely different system of values which are derived from the spiritual character and the traditions of our peoples. Collectivism must be opposed by the principle of private enterprise on the basis of small agricultural holdings and property acquired by the work of the individual, whereby the out-of-date feudal order of society would be done away with for good ; totalitarian enslavement must be opposed by the freedom of the individual ; godless fanaticism by religion and faith in the higher values of life ; and internationalism which excludes patriotism by the national ethos.

The attitude of the Asian continent as the birthplace of the great religions of the world is opposed to the materialistic ideology of godless Communism. Asia would become immune to fraudulent Communism were it to retain its own spiritual and intellectual character and to realize national independence and social justice.

In accordance with the resolutions passed at the Second Congress of the Comintern in 1920 at Lenin's suggestion and repeated at the Seventh Congress of the Communist Party of China in 1945, the so-called "bourgeois democratic revolution" in Asia as a national revolutionary process was to be supported by the Communists as a deceptive manoeuvre. The purpose of this manoeuvre was to put the Communists in power in Asia in order to then set up a hitherto unheard of system of totalitarian slavery and national subjugation.

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Ladies and gentlemen !

May we be permitted, as the victims of Communist tyranny for decades, to warn the credulous masses of the Asiatic nations not to allow themselves to be misled by the crafty promises of the Communists. In this respect it suffices to remind this audience that the criminal Communist system is allowing more than 15 million persons from East Europe and Soviet Asia alone to languish in a most brutal manner as innocent and freedom-loving human beings in the concentration camps, and that in the 1930's it let more than 8 million innocent persons from Ukraine, Byelorussia, Caucasia and Turkestan die of starvation during the systematically organized famine, in order to break the will to freedom of these peoples. Thus, even before the outbreak of the second World War, the Communist system was already impeding the biological development in our countries. The Communist crimes perpetrated during and after World War II, such as genocide, predatory occupation of foreign countries, provocation of new wars, extermination of the peasants and the refractory workers and intelligentsia, abolition of private property, persecution of religious faith, are only too well known and for that reason need not be mentioned here in further detail. Communism of every kind is the symbol of mass murder, famine, slavery, godlessness, high treason and treason, of the extermination of peoples and of inhumanity.

It is regrettable that the Communist mass murderers, instead of being tried before a world court and boycotted by the whole decent-minded world, are allowed to have a decisive say in the United Nations and in other international institutions. And it is equally regrettable that certain states of the free world try again and again to get the Mao Tse-Tung clique admitted to the UNO, in order to foster world criminality and thus place the noose round their own necks. Only very few statesmen, on the other hand, support the idea that the freedom-loving Republic of Vietnam and the freedom-loving Republic of Korea should be admitted to these organizations. It is, indeed, disgusting that there are still certain circles who question Free China's right to represent the subjugated Chinese people in the international forum.

Ladies and gentlemen !

The big Hungarian national liberation revolt has shattered the last illusions cherished by any nation regarding the so-called "new course" in Moscow. This revolution was a national one, and one which defended religion and the private property of the working

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classes; it was directed against every form of collectivism; it was for a democratic state political order and against a totalitarian one; it was anti-imperialistic and anti-Communist, irrespective of whether Russian or so-called National Communism is in power in Hungary.

The main watchwords of the Hungarian fight for freedom were to be seen in all the pictures published in connection with this event and were worded as follows: "Down with the Russians" and "Down with Communists of every kind". These two watchwords formulated in short and concise terms the aims of the Hungarian revolution. And these same watchwords have determined the ideological and political character of all the insurrections which have recently occurred behind the Iron Curtain, including the revolts in the concentration camps. These events of far-reaching historical significance have sounded the death-knell of the suicidal policy of coexistence and have made the free world, too, realize that national liberation revolutions are the only possible alternative to an atomic war.

The decision in the final fight can only be determined by the national liberation revolutions of our peoples, who, in addition to their courageous action, would also create a balance as regards the conventional weapons with which they are now equipped. Thus the danger of an atomic war would be lessened considerably, for revolutions and revolutionaries cannot be destroyed by atomic bombs.

It is extremely gratifying to us to know that this fact has already been realized by free Asia, as I ascertained during my visit to Free China. The alternative for the whole world is not "coexistence policy or atomic war", but only "atomic war or liberation policy", since the coexistence policy must inevitably lead to an atomic war. This policy provides the Kremlin rulers with a chance to continue their subversive activity in the free world unpunished, to strangle our active fight for freedom, to consolidate their own position, to increase their military potential and then to carry out a surprise attack on the free world.

Ladies and gentlemen !

Summing up, I should like to stress that the greatest success of our national fight for freedom at the present time is to be seen in the fact that our peoples have lost their fear of the Moscow tyrants.

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Everywhere in our countries the fight against the alien Communist intruders has flared up, and this fight is being conducted by our peoples in defiance of death and in the firm conviction that Russian despotism with its system of satraps will soon be overthrown. We have entered upon an ideological and political offensive; the Communist ideology imported from Moscow is obviously in full retreat in our countries. Undisguised Russian imperialism with its insistent Russification policy is mobilizing Russian chauvinism, which is to help preserve the Russian colonial imperium. But the days are past when there were still convinced Communists in our countries. All that remains are merely the paid agents, instigators and slaves of the alien Muscovite occupants.

When the Russian imperium is dissolved, the source and leadership of world Communism will likewise collapse, for Mao Tse-Tung and the Communist tyrants of North Korea, North Vietnam, etc., are, after all, merely agents of Moscow. They are not defending the interests of their own peoples, but the interests of a world conspiracy organized by Moscow, a fact which, incidentally, was also admitted by that Communist evil-doer, Chou En-lai, when during his visit to the countries of East Europe he proclaimed Moscow everywhere as the leading power of the Communist world revolution.

The peoples of Asia are not alone in their efforts to get rid of this oppressive Communist yoke. They are supported by all the nations subjugated by Moscow in East Europe and Soviet Asia. A united incirclement operation could now be systematically carried out from the frontier countries of the Muscovite imperium via Siberia, Turkestan and Caucasia, all the more since there are millions of fighters for freedom, for instance, in the countless concentrations camps located in Siberia. How right such a project would be, can best be seen from the demands raised by the prisoners during the large-scale strikes in Norylsk in June, 1953, and in Vorkuta in July of the same year. These demands were :

1. National Independence for the separate nations of the Soviet Union.
2. Land for the peasants.
3. Factories for the workers.
4. Free democratic elections and the formation of new governments.

(From "Vorkuta" by Scholmer).

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These same demands were raised during an insurrection on the part of the concentration camp prisoners in Kingiri (Turkestan), in July 1954, a fact which emphasizes the realizable character of a joint action in these territories.

Your Excellencies !

Ladies and gentlemen !

From my remarks so far it can be seen that the East European and Asian peoples not only have common political aims, but as regards their geographical position, too, represent an initial base for direct political and other operations directed against the Soviet Russian sphere of influence. The Communist world conspiracy with its headquarters in Moscow must be opposed by a united world front of freedom with a co-ordination centre for the systematic and co-ordinated action of the free and the subjugated world. On the strength of their concentrated power, the enslaved nations in cooperating with the free world will be in a position to deal the sworn enemy of all human values, the sworn enemy of every form of freedom, national independence, religion and culture, a mortal blow.

The ABN is confident that the Communist puppet governments in North Vietnam, on the Chinese mainland and in North Korea, together with the entire Communist system of slavery and the Russian colonial empire, will soon be eliminated for good by joint effort, and that the said territories will then be reunited in freedom with their national Republics of Vietnam, China and Korea.

In conclusion I should like, in the name of my people and as the head of the last free Ukrainian government in my native country, and, in particular, in the name of the present revolutionary liberation movement, the Organization of Ukrainian Nationalists (OUN), the Ukrainian Insurgent Army (UPA), and of the Supreme Ukrainian Liberation Council (UHWR) - the present underground government of Ukraine, to assure the honourable representatives of the anti-Communist countries of Asia of our unity and solidarity with your fight.

Long live the Republic of Vietnam, of China and of Korea, and the entire Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League !

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Long live the national revolutions which pave the way
to liberation from Russian and every other form of Communism !

Long live the independent national states of all the
peoples subjugated by Communism and Russian colonialism !

Freedom-loving nations and peoples of the whole world,
unite in fighting against Communism and Russian colonialism for
the independence of the nations and human freedom !

Freedom for Nations ! Freedom for Individuals !

Address given by Jaroslaw STETZKO,
former Ukrainian Prime Minister,
President of the Central Committee
of the Anti-Bolshevik Bloc
of Nations (ABN).

Delegates and Guests,

Your Excellencies, Ladies and Gentlemen :

The President's warm words of welcome as well as all the sympathy shown for my Hungarian nation have moved me deeply.

A. I should like to express my very special thanks for the honour of being invited to take part in this Congress. This journey has been a great event for me, and it is a real pleasure for me to be able to speak to you here about my sorely tried country. Above all, however, I feel it my duty to express, in the name of the HUNGARIAN LIBERATION MOVEMENT (MSZM), my heartfelt gratitude for all that the various nations represented here have so spontaneously done for the Hungarian cause. All my fellow-countrymen, scattered as they are in various parts of the world, are fully conscious of the importance of this Congress for our common cause - freedom - and are here with us in spirit.

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Hungary was once a prosperous country and, owing to its natural frontiers, its love of freedom and the loyalty of its people to the state, occupied a key position on the European continent.

As early as 1919, when our country and people, badly mutilated by the injustice of the Treaty of Trianon, lay ruined, world Communism directed by Moscow made its first attack on Hungary, but even at that time our people of their own strength and with unparalleled courage after a short time shook off Bela Kuhn's red dictatorship.

Hardly a quarter of a century later, our country, together with several other Central European nations, was handed over to the Soviets at the Yalta Conference. Our heroic struggle carried on for years on the eastern front to protect our national existence, and the four months' defense of our capital Budapest against a hundredfold superior force were in vain and proved a forlorn hope. Thus, the fate of the thousand-year-old Hungarian kingdom was decided after the latter was incorporated in the Russian Bolshevik sphere of influence and turned into a prison, in which everything is done under the shadow of the bayonets of the Russian army of occupation and by the Communist puppet governments.

All that has happened in Hungary under Russian Communist rule during the past twelve years and, above all, the events in our time have proved to the whole world that it is possible for Hungary to be mowed down by the Russian steam-roller, that it is possible for the best patriots to be butchered or deported, that it is possible for the Hungarian women to be violated, but that it is not possible to turn the Hungarian nation from its course and to change it morally and spiritually. This steadfastness on the part of our people, who in the course of their thousand-year-old history have never tolerated any form of dictatorship, arises in the first place out of their profound belief in God and their great love of freedom.

And when the unequal fight for freedom broke out recently and swept our country, our people's sole desire was FREEDOM. They wanted "to live in freedom or die", and it was this watchword which inspired them to attack the Russian tanks with their bare hands and put hundreds of them out of action.

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I am sure that you will agree that the Hungarian fight for freedom is of universal significance at the present time. It has revealed the only possible WAY OUT OF THE PRESENT WORLD POLITICAL CRISIS and has moreover destroyed the nimbus of alleged superior power and "invincibility" which surrounded Soviet Russian despotism. The moving force of this glorious victory was the YOUTH OF HUNGARY, above all the young workers and the young farmers, whom Communism has for a decade been trying to transform into a Communist elite by means of atheistic ideologies and has been endeavouring to misuse as a vanguard for its sinister plans. We are proud of these young people who fought as champions of the immortal cause of freedom and as a result of their bravery and courageous faith have once again made history.

In addition, the Hungarian fight for freedom has also revealed the WEAK SPOTS AND THE INTERNAL TENSION in the Soviet Union and its sphere of influence, as well as the BANKRUPTCY of the Russian Bolshevik regime.

The question at issue in the Hungarian national revolt is a HISTORICAL DEVELOPMENT which is not yet complete. Not only because guerilla combats are still flaring up here and there, because the workers are still striking and because the ECONOMIC LOSS, which is making itself felt in the entire East bloc, is already resulting in serious crises, but, above all, because the blood shed and the fires of Budapest have kindled a conflagration of the urge for freedom which cannot be extinguished.

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Throughout the entire Soviet Russian sphere of influence anti-Moscow feeling is asserting itself in various regions to an ever-increasing degree. Cases of unrest in Ukrainian university towns such as Kyiv and Charkiv or amongst the academic youth of the Baltic peoples, as for instance in Riga, Kaunas and Tallinn, clearly show a revolutionnary tendency and have forced the regime to deport students and, in some cases, to close the universities. In Poland the kolchos system is falling apart and the effects of the opposition on the part of the kolchos farmers are making themselves felt as far as Albania. In Roumania and Bulgaria mass deportations and arrests, together with a long series of appeasement measures of an economic, social and political nature which still continue, have proved necessary in order to keep the simmering rebellion in check. In several places in the Soviet occupied Zone of Germany demonstrations openly in sympathy with the Hungarian revolt and also anti-Russian demonstrations have recently been held.

After the events in Hungary, when the people openly opposed the regime, and Bolshevik alien rule was forced to assert itself by resorting to genocide, many hitherto misguided elements in the West, as for instance certain "progressive" intellectual and working class circles, turned from Communism, a fact which has considerably weakened the latter's FIFTH COLUMN.

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The martyred peoples have roused themselves and are now demanding the vital right due to them. In view of the unequal fight which they are waging in their resistance, one may well ask :

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what has happened to the RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION OF THE NATIONS, for which two World Wars have already been conducted, and what about the ATLANTIC CHARTER ? What is the point of the Organization of the United Nations if it is not able to intervene in such cases like Hungary ?

The Hungarian fight for freedom has meanwhile made the whole world realize what RUSSIAN IMPERIALISM in the sign of world Communism means. And surely the world should now realize that there can be neither a compromise nor a reconciliation with Russian imperialism and that every form of so-called coexistence can only mean the slow downfall of the free world. With the massacre of Hungary Moscow has been unmasked and it is hardly likely that Soviet propaganda will in future succeed in winning over supporters for its ideological training system and in stirring up the working masses and leading them astray. The days of pretending at the so-called DE-STALINIZATION and PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE are over for good.

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The weakness of the Soviet system is particularly apparent in the military sector. The armies of the subjugated peoples are no longer trustworthy, a fact which has led to the disarming of Roumanian and Bulgarian troops and to the reinforcement of the Russian occupation contingents. As many as 80 tank and infantry divisions of the Red Army can now be regarded as written off.

The numerous cases of desertion from the Soviet Army which occurred during the fighting in Hungary are an interesting sign, the true significance of which can be seen from the fact that the deserters were for the most part Ukrainian and White Ruthenian units who went over to the side of the Hungarian fighters for freedom and joined forces with them in the fight against their common Russian subjugator.

An this is precisely the vulnerable spot of Soviet Russian power and also the obvious reason why the Kremlin at present does not fear the Western world, which is prepared to make compromises, as much as it does the ENSLAVED PEOPLES, who under certain preconditions might well rise up in revolt one after another and shake off their fetters. And this fear on the part of the Kremlin can be regarded as the reason which prompted a command issued recently by the Soviet Minister of War, in which all the political organs of the Red Army were exhorted "to watch the feeling among the troops with extreme vigilance and to crush all bourgeois tendencies and FOREIGN INFLUENCE".

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As regards events in Hungary the West missed a big opportunity to give proof of its solidarity with the subjugated peoples. As a result there is now a feeling of discontent and distrust on our part towards the free world.

The West justifies its conduct with the excuse of the danger of an atomic war and the responsibility connected with such an eventuality. It certainly strikes one as strange that the West did not have these same misgivings as regards its military intervention in Suez. On the other hand, we are unfortunately obliged to ascertain

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that the danger of an atomic war only holds good for the decisions of the Western world, but is not able to deter the Soviet Union from carrying out new acts of aggression again and again. The attitude of the Western Powers with regard to the development of events in Hungary has, in any case, strengthened the position of the Soviet Union and has given Russian Bolshevik despotism full discretionary power once again in its conduct towards the subjugated peoples.

It is obvious that the danger of the mass destruction of mankind by an atomic war must be avoided. But this does not mean that a peace at any price must be accepted. When the Hungarian people rose up in revolt on October 23rd to fight a life and death struggle against tyranny, they supported one principle which should hold good all over the world. It was the maxim that LIFE IS ONLY WORTH LIVING IN FREEDOM.

I am convinced that, had the Hungarian fight for freedom been given active support from without, a chain reaction would inevitably have ensued and all the other subjugated peoples would have risen up in revolt. Had this been the case, the Soviet Russian sphere of influence would probably have collapsed without an atomic war, but this big historical opportunity was unfortunately missed.

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The United Nations have recently admitted still more Communist ruled states to their organisation and have in this way acknowledged the puppet governments of these states as legitimate. The free democratic world is thus in danger of falling a victim to the Communist pest itself, instead of getting rid of it completely. The international order of the world cannot, however, tolerate such compromises, nor can it be set up on half-truths.

When he recently visited Austria, US Vice-President Nixon referred to the Hungarian revolution as "one of the greatest events in the history of mankind" and as the "death-knell of international Communism". It is thus all the more disheartening that the United Nations remained inactive and were not in a position to assert their principles, even though the life of an entire nation was at stake !

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Countless peoples in Europe and Asia are at present forced to endure a form of life which they have not chosen themselves and which they definitely reject. Indeed, the present political state of affairs is untenable as far as the whole world is concerned. International tension prevents mankind from fulfilling its tasks for the future and the warding off of the acute Bolshevik menace absorbs its entire energy and effort.

Today, the question at issue is no longer the threat to an individual nation or continent, but the fate of mankind as a whole. Measures of a regional character are bound to be ineffective against a power which is striving to conquer the whole world, for this power can only be fought successfully and defeated by a global alliance - in the moral, political and military field - of all peoples of the free world, with our subjugated peoples as the vanguard.

General F. Farkos de Kisbarnaki.

SPEECH OF Dr RUDOLF HILF
GERMAN OBSERVER TO THE APACL CONFERENCE
SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE SUDETENGERMAN -
CZECH FEDERAL COMMITTEE

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Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentleman :

First I want to thank for the great honor to have been invited to attend the Third Congress of the Asian Peoples Anti-Communist League as an observer from Germany

It is a special interest that I have for this country of our generous hosts, Vietnam, because Vietnam today is absolutely in the same position as Germany. Both countries are divided by the same force-international Communism.

As we have seen during the last months this international communism with the centers of Moscow and Peking, approaches these problems of divided countries everywhere in the same way. Communism declares that these countries can only be united by direct negotiations with the puppet governments. This situation is the same as I said, for Germany, for Vietnam, for Korea, it is similar for National China, the pillar of stability of the whole southeast Asian region, which the communists want to destroy wholly as the last step to destroy the freedom of all Asia.

We as Germans, who formerly lived in the eastern European regions - for instance I myself in the Sudetenland, now communist Czechoslovakia, we know communism out, of own bitter experiences, as you here do. It is therefore impossible that communism with harsh or sweet talks could have any results on our side. In Western Germany there are living now ten million Germans that after 1945 were forced to leave their native country by communist or peoples front governments. These people cannot be deceived anymore. I think the same will be true here, where a terrible war has been fought to stop communism on its march south.

I want to tell you that for three reasons I was happy to attend this conference and to visit Vietnam :

First, as I said, Vietnam has gone through cruel experiences in her fight against aggressive communism. There is a government and a people which was able to turn the tide and which succeeded to stabilize a country amidst the grim consequences of civil war.

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Second, as I said, Vietnam is a divided country, just like Germany and international communism approaches these problems of division in absolutely the same way, wanting to force free Vietnam and free Germany to negotiate directly with the puppet governments in the north and as regards Germany, in the east. Therefore if communists would succeed with these tactics in Vietnam, it would be a bad case of precedence for Germany, and if the communists would succeed in Germany it would as well influence the situation in Vietnam. Therefore it is my opinion that the divided countries all over the world should work together very closely, because their problems are dependent on each other. I hope Germany will see that and I myself will do everything to help this issue.

Third, Vietnam never would have been able to stabilize if the forces of national Vietnamese freedom would have to fight shoulder on shoulder with the forces of colonialism. Vietnam here is an example with a meaning stretching to the whole of Asia and also to Africa. The age of colonialism is definitely past, the sooner Europe recognizes it the better. Peoples want to be free, it is the colonialism in whatever form that induces so many unexperienced to await this freedom from Moscow not seeing that here is only a new form of colonialism. Before I came here, I visited some people in the Middle East. There some Arab politicians think they can get help for their freedom from Moscow. They have no experience with communism. They see themselves amidst the pressures of colonialism and communism. The communism they don't know, the colonialism they know, and they don't want to have it anymore. I think that is understandable. I do not hesitate to speak freely about this. Colonialism is the best helper of communist developments. It is as we see it long overdue. The peoples of Asia have grown on a soil that has born cultures and civilizations of thousands of years. They can surely find their own way and know themselves what is good for them.

I think they need not wait anxiously upon some questionable values of a past European century, the nineteenth century, that will be over-come in Europe itself one day. Because to be true, the whole world seems to westernize itself, but mostly in the worst sense of the word, be it in the form of capitalism or be it in the form of socialism-communism. Both ideas came from nineteenth century Europe (also the idea of class struggle) and as there will be more and more people in Europe itself that want to get rid of this past century altogether, it would be an unhappy thing to have these dying ideas take routes within Asian

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and African peoples. -

But what then you will ask - - So I want to conclude in the form of some theses :

First - under the spiritual and technical development it is true that no nation can separate itself from other peoples and from the problems of the world. Unity of the whole world will be reached some day not very far in the future. For the first time in the history of mankind, the orbis terrarum, as the old Romans said, will have a true meaning, politically and spiritually.

Second - this orbis terrarum - meaning all lands of this earth - shall not be dominated by the dying ideas of nineteenth century materialism, be it in the form of socialism-communism of capitalism or colonialism. Within the greater unity all peoples should go back to their own spiritual and traditional sources, search their own hearts, find strength from their own soil and history. This will be the most important task for Free Asia.

Third - it is not sufficient to be Anti-Communist. Anti alone is negative. We should not be on the defensive alone. We should be on the offensive. That means, the strength of the communists is their will and their belief to change all peoples on this earth. They will succeed, if there is not a new force and a new belief from our side to change also all the nations of this our world into a new age and a new community.

Whereas communism is striving after a world of materialism, only after world of material goods, we should try to build on firmer grounds. We should recognize that the human being has lost its path by thinking itself independent. We should realize once more that we are not the creator, but only part of the creation and we should therefore strive not after a world of materialism (be it in the socialist or capitalist form), but after a world which seeks its strength and believes in spiritual values. Or let us say, in God, who is the same for all the races, for all the nations and for all the religions on this earth.

Let that be clear, that raising the standard of living alone, as some people in the West and the East may think, never will overcome communism as a distorted but nevertheless spiritual force. Asia which through centuries believed in the spiritual values not in the machine, has here a special task.

In this sense I wish to the League, to our generous host of Vietnam and to Free Asia everywhere - success and good luck.

SPEECH BY DELEGATION OF GREECE

Mister Chairman, Distinguished delegates, Gentlemen,

Let me express my deep gratitude to the Asian Peoples Anti-Communist League for its decision to invite Greece to the Third General Conference and to add that I was really impressed by the courtesy and cordiality of the host Government and people and by the careful planning of the Conference by the Vietnamese Chapter. I wish, also, to thank in a particular way the Korean Chapter for having taken the initiative to propose the Greek participation.

Geopolitically speaking, my country might well be defined as the European Vietnam, for not only she occupies a similar strategic position between the East and Western Mediterranean but also keeps under control the Central Plateau of the Balkans which is rightly considered to be the key position of that Peninsula. As you know, the Balkans lie on the communications line between the NATO and East Europe, exactly as Indochina is situated between the Middle and the Far East.

It is for its geographical position that my country was the first nation to be attacked, after the Second World War, by the International Communist Imperialism. The Greek answer to the aggression is well known : we fought not only in Europe but also in Asia and we prevented the establishment, in our northern provinces, of a revolutionary Government refurnished from abroad. Our resistance was particularly successful thanks to the economic aid conceded in 1947 by the President of the U.S.A., who announced the so-called "Doctrine Truman," pointing out that "If Greece falls under the control of an armed minority, the consequences for all the countries around her will be grave and immediate.

We may say, therefore, that not only Greece was the first victim of the tactics experienced later by three of the nucleus-members of the Asian League, but also the taste-case of the American policies of economic assistance which later proved to be the most efficient method to check the International Communist Imperialism in Europe and in Asia.

readers
It was mainly for the above ~~readers~~ that we thought it could be of some interest for the Asian nations to have Greece here, and

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and to know what did she do after the revolution in order to perpetuate the fruits of her victory. After a revolution which lasted practically from 1944 up to 1949 and which caused the complete or partial destruction of 150.000 houses, reducing into the refugees status the tenth of our population, we undertook and we achieved the moral and material recuperation of our country within a very short time obtaining a rate of increase of our industrial production which constitutes a record in the European Economic statistics of that period.

I will not expose to you now what were the ideological means we employed to obtain a regression of the Internationalist Communist movement in Greece. I want only to point out that, although very correctly you state, in article 4 of your program of action, that your struggle must be based specifically on the precious cultural heritage of the Asian peoples', nevertheless, the Greek cultural heritage is not so different from the ^{Asian} Asiatic culture as superficial historians of the old schools were thinking. Well established ties have been identified between the two systems of thinking and both derive from the same ideals of respect towards the dignity of the person and the freedom of individual.

On the other side, common features of our respective technical problems certainly require a closer cooperation between us. We are more or less economically underdeveloped countries and the way we faced relative problems in Greece may be useful for the formation of a common attitude towards economic and social issues and may lead to the formulation of a common theoretical and ideological standing. While the non-liberal underdeveloped countries try to promote their economies through a unilateral and unhuman drive towards industrialization, in the democratic underdeveloped countries we believe that only through agrarian investments and a higher agricultural income the industrial development may be financed. The respect towards the great agricultural masses and to the human factor, are exactly the means by which the present government in Greece obtained a sudden reduction of the power of our Communist Party and provoked between the red cadres a crisis which led to the expulsion of the old leadership and practically to the Party's annihilation.

Nevertheless, I am obliged to give reason to the wise President of the host Republic, H.E. Ngo Dinh Diem when he points out,

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in his message on the occasion of the Proclamation of the Constitution, that the rise of the standard of living of a country, as necessary it might be, does not constitute a total answer to basic human aspirations. Individual dignity and national independence are inherent features of all societies, and if these needs are not satisfied, then, as you say in article 2 of your Charter, the International Communism will be able to "exploit the national consciousness of the peoples and take advantage of their nationalistic movements to impose them a new colonialism."

I see that in the same article you decided "to call upon the governments of all nations to support the principles of national self-determination and racial equality.. " Furthermore, in article 13 of your program of action, you seem really determined "to remove all remnant colonial forces and influences in order to make impossible for the communist imperialists, to cause misunderstanding, and drive a wedge between you and the other free countries."

I want on this occasion to remind you that although my government obtained a considerable regression of the power of the Communist Party in Greece through a sudden rise of the standard of living, there is, nevertheless, great danger that our Communists may exploit the natural solidarity of the Greek people to the population of the Island of Cyprus, which is Greek by the four fifths and struggles actually for ^{self determination} ~~national independence~~. In that case, what happened with the exploitation of the Vietnamese national feeling by the Vietminh may be verified once more and the Greek Communist Party may seize the national flag of the Cyprus independence forming in the mainland a popular front which will give new chances to the imperialism and neo-imperialism in the East Mediterranean and the Middle East.

I don't want to end this report without mentioning the heroic Hungarian revolution and tell what I think it was the most important thing the sacrifice of this people taught to all the World. I think that the biggest merit of this revolution was to make clear that no neutral attitude is possible to-day. As a matter of fact, they don't even exist neutral countries. There are only countries who claim to be neutral but who in reality belong, even if they don't know it, to the free world. Because, if they did not belong to the free world, they wouldn't be allowed to say that they are neutrals.

THE FULL TEXT OF SPEECH DELIVERED BY Mr. H. FIRDAUS A.N.
INDONESIAN CHIEF DELEGATE TO THE THIRD CONFERENCE OF THE
ASIAN PEOPLES' ANTI-COMMUNIST LEAGUE HELD IN SAIGON ON
MARCH 27, 1957

Mister Chairman, and fellow delegates,

First of all we offer our gratitude to the Committee of the conference who has invited us to participate in this conference. We duly thank God, as we are able to attend the meeting of this conference, though we were unable in the first and second conferences which held in the past years in Manila and Korea.

My fellow delegates !

As a matter of fact this conference is very important, that is in the time when the Communists make their attempts to perform their programme to dominate the world of democracy in general, and Asia particularly.

We, the peoples of Asia and the world of democracy realised that communism is a misleading ideology and mislead the humanity. Communism tramples the teaching democracy and creates uprisings and calamities everywhere. If communism exists in any country, it means that country is threatened by danger.

The danger of disintegration, the danger of civil war.

It becomes the teaching of Communism to create uprisings among classes, between the labor and capitalists between the people in the democratic countries and their governments.

Now, the same teaching has already existed in various countries in Asia including our country Indonesia; in Europe, or in Asian countries, we see, if communism is running on freely, it can be assured that terrorism creates everywhere all the time.

The Communists boasted and cried to the world that they defend of democracy, humanity, labours, and tillers, they do not use violent manner and blow the propaganda of peacefull co-existence. All this means to cover the falsity and fallacy. All that propagated by communists and agitated by them is against the real fact. The cry of democracy, democracy in the new form, for example in the red China, the same country is a totalitarian country. They cry that they defend of humanity, but the people of Hungary, Poland, terrorised by the Russian government unjustly, the headquarter of communism.

Many of the Moslems are killed and their countries are robbed by communists. The Turkistan people as a prosperous country, where Moslems hold the teaching of their religion firmly, and other countries such as Caucasus, Azerbaijan, Crimea, Ukraine, Lithuania, all are robbed and trampled by the Russian communist government.

They say, they defend of democracy, but it proves, the labors in the communist countries are poor and destitute, while their leaders live happily and merrily.

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This is the proof of what they propagate, that they defend of democracy, they defend of humanity, peaceful co-existence etc. Of course, it is mode of campaign and agitation for the communists to up side-down the real fact. The black one can be said the white, the day time can be said the dark night, dictatorship, can be said the new democracy, killing the people can be said co-existence, destitute can be said a prosperity etc. In conclusion : the fallacy is the only condition for the propaganda of communists.

My fellow delegates !

Now, I wish to tell you about the development of communism in our country Indonesia, especially in the last few years.

Indonesian people dislike the word of "communism". You remember, after the communists broke out the revolution against the Indonesian Republic, called Madiun Affair in the year 1948, on 18th September.

At the same time, Musso the chief of communist terrors sent by Moscow to mean the President of Republic, and branded him as the agent of imperialists, seller of Romusja etc. In that bloody revolution many people died. The government officials, military, police, leaders and Ulema, killed by the communists, that is why all Indonesian people hate the communists and fight against communism with the national army; at last the chiefs of communists such as Musso and Amir Sjarifuddin, ex Prime Minister were put into dead; and not long after, the fire of that revolutions extinguished by the government led by Dr. Mohammed Hatta the Prime Minister of the same time. For this, we thank Dr. Hatta very much.

The communist revolution ordered by Moscoow failed. Their leaders hid themselves and D.N. Aidit run away to Peking.

A few years later, after the relation of Indonesia and Red China is in good position and the embassy of the people's Republic of China opened in Djakarta, while the relation with the Chinese Nationalist was cut, then the communists felt happy. They have the new blood to increase the strength which for the last time was lost. Afterwards the Russian Embassy opened in Djakarta and this is a real addition for their strength for the communists to run on their activities. Since then, the communists got the aid from Russia and Red China morally and materially.

With a false propaganda and agitation they change the history by condemning Dr. Hatta as the creator of Madiun affair. This meant for cleansing themselves and deceiving the people inside and outside the country. Besides the communists condemn Dr. Hatta, they praised Dr. Sukarno. At last Dr. Hatta is an anti-communist leader, while Dr. Sukarno is the defender of Communists, and this is known by Moscow and Peking.

To attract Sukarno, the Communists countries invited Sukarno to tour in their countries, where President Sukarno was welcomed warmly. After coming back from his trip, Dr. Sukarno felt more friendly to communists.

Meanwhile, the Moslem parties such as Masjumi, Nahdatul Ulama and other religious parties are in doubt to Sukarno, because they are all anti-communists.

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Fellow delegates !

Then the cabinet is in Crisis. The government of Ali Sastro Amidjojo seconded by the Communists could not stand to overcome the regions led by the military power, on the other hand, Dr. Sukarno tried to overcome the difficulties by offering his concept. The same concept consists of communist poison, that makes an attempt to participate in the next cabinet.

Mr. Suwirjo, the Chairman of the Nationalist Party appointed by Dr. Sukarno to form a new cabinet according to his concept. But Suwirjo seems to face with the most acute problem. For this, Masjumi and Nahdatul Ulama Parties are united, though the action to break both parties is performed. The concept of Dr. Sukarno, and Suwirjo seconded by the so-called Helpers of Sukarno's concept consist of Communists and others. This action only makes the uprising.

Dr. Sukarno and the Communists have big loss, because Moslem party and other religious parties are in one bloc to face Sukarno's concept. Meanwhile, the cabinet is not yet formed, Suwirjo failed, and now more time is given for him to do his work in forming the cabinet. This is the situation prevailing in Indonesia today; Indonesian people wish to aside the communists from the government as before. It is our conscience, that where there is communism, there will be terrorism. Therefore, let us work heartily to destroy communism in our countries. Long live democracy and down with communism.

Thank you !

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SPEECH BY N.T.S. DELEGATION

Mr Chairman,
Ladies and gentlemen,

In the name of the NTS (Alliance of Russian Solidarists)
and in the name of the following organizations :

- Union of the Armenian Fighters for Freedom,
- Aserbaidjan National League,
- Ukrainian Liberation Movement,

which had entrusted the NTS delegation to represent also their
interests in the 3rd conference of the Asian Peoples' Anti-
Communist League I bring to you my best wishes.

We hope that the conference of Saigon will prove to be
a step further towards the realisation of our common goal of the
global anti-communist struggle.

We believe that only our joint efforts can bring the
final victory over our enemy - the international communism.

I may assure you that in this life and death struggle
the peoples of Russia will be on the side of fighters for freedom.

It is very necessary to pose and to resolve correctly
three kinds of problems in our struggle :

1) First one : Who is the enemy in others terms : against
who we are fighting ?

Then I want especially to stress that this enemy is the
international communism spread all over the world, with his total
aspirations and pretentions.

So, it is necessary to be aware of the capital difference
between the terms "Russia" and "Soviet Union" and not to say
"Russians" if one means "Communists".

2) Second problem - For what are we fighting ?

An Anticommunist struggle can only be successful if it is
at the same time a struggle for some positive ideals. It is not
sufficient to be only "against" but also "for" something, to
oppose communism on the ideological field.

3) And the last problem - how to combat - is a problem of
our strategy, our tactics and our methods of struggle. But it is
not only a technical one, because we need a great strategical
conception, a longterm, and a world-wide strategy.

So let us finish now with the speeches and to begin to
work. Then, as a pessimist said :

"There are to many architects but very few masons in
this world"

Serge KRIKORIAN
28.3.1957

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SPEECHES AND REPORTS .-

REPORT OF THE PHILIPPINES DELEGATION ON THE MANILA EXTRAORDINARY
CONFERENCE,

NOVEMBER, 3 - 5, 1956.

The Asian Peoples' Anti-Communist League Extraordinary Conference was held in Manila, Nov. 3-5, 1956 with the Philippine Anti-Communist movement as host chapter.

Six resolutions and one declaration were adopted during the Conference as follows :

1. Resolution urging admission of Korea to the U.N. Organization.
2. Resolution urging the UN to denounce Communist Aggression in Hungary and Poland.
3. Resolution urging admission of Vietnam to the U.N. Organization.
4. Resolution urging the U.N. to deny Communist China's admission to the U.N.
5. Resolution warning on the danger of Neutralism.
6. Resolution calling for active support to Anti-Communist forces behind the Iron Curtain.

The one and only declaration made was on the critical situation in Asia.

Submitted by :
Philippine Delegation.

PRESIDENCY OF THE REPUBLIC
OF VIETNAM

Address by the President of The
Republic on the occasion of the reception honouring
the delegates to the third Assembly of the Asian
Peoples Anti-Communist League
(Saigon 29-3-1957)

Excellency,

Ladies and Gentlemen,

Vietnam is gratified at the privilege of welcoming the delegates to the Third Assembly of the Asian Peoples Anti-Communist League, and the observers who have joined them.

It is all the more pleased as amidst this organisation, besides the Asian representatives, this year, for the first time, there have come many delegates and observers from various international anti-Communist organisations of Europe and Australia.

If communist expansion is conceived on a world scale, it is also important that the free nations of the world should act under the sign of a close international cooperation. It is through common action that we can keep a tenacious and unscrupulous enemy in check.

Facing the work of destruction of the communists, we must proclaim that the laws governing the progress of mankind are not solely economic in nature, that such progress is also and above all conditioned by the laws of morality. Marxism has had a bitter experience in making a principle of the contempt and even the destruction of religious beliefs, bases of morality.

I think it is the duty of the League to reaffirm the primacy of the spiritual. Let the relations between nations, like those between individuals, rest on justice, loyalty, brotherly collaboration.

The human city, the reward for which must be paid here on Earth by the Creator, can progress, it is true, at the cost of its sweat, only by the observance of social virtues of which justice and charity are the foundations.

Communism preys on our slightest differences, weaknesses and hesitations, and exploits them mercilessly to its advantage.

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Let us condemn national egoism, advocated as the supreme aim of politics and diplomacy. Chauvinism, that is the thirst for prestige, the passion for power, taking advantage of every expediency while disregarding honesty, must be banned : it will unavoidably lead to the ruin of the human city and the damnation of the nation which, beguiled by the success of the moment, uses these expediences as political means.

To sow internal discord, to take advantage of the difficulties of our neighbours, to use even the communists to humble the former, to cause embarrassment by false news, comments of a destructive nature, to remain passive in the face of practices of speculation, contraband; all that could only bring ruins and misfortunes, to mankind as well as to each nation.

To the hatred preached by the communists. Let us oppose love. It is by actively supporting one another, materially as well as spiritually, in every field, that we shall thwart their manoeuvres, especially at a time when an offensive at subversion by the commonperfid enemy is unfolding with growing virulence. In the face of communist imperialism, our countries must set up a front of steel.

Let us not forget that besides the classical weapons, there are the weapons of light. These weapons are found in the arsenal of traditional religions of our fatherlands : to furbish and to use them must be one of the aims of the League. We shall thus conform to the meaning of history : it teaches us that sooner or later virtue will triumph over vice, truth over lies, love over hatred, and that the most powerful empires cannot survive the corruption of morals.

I am pleased to welcome you in our capital and I am convinced of the victorious outcome of the struggle which we are all carrying out for a just and noble cause.
