

Page 2:

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

[Eagle Stamp of the Republic of Iraq]

Directorate"- Branch<sup>35</sup>- Section'

To / Branch Manager

Subject/A1-Zaman Newspaper Articles

- 1- An article titled "Khatami quarters detained 18 sailors on an Iraqi vessel". Page one and continued on page three. (The responsibility of section<sup>4</sup>)
- 2- An article titled "Kharazi: Albright's suggestions about the relations are being studied. (The responsibility of section<sup>4</sup>)
- 3- An article titled "Finances stand in the way of investing in new fields for natural gas". (The responsibility of section<sup>4</sup>)

Please review,

Staff Major,

`Ali Husayn Muhammad

[In hand writing] (Section <sup>4</sup>)

Adjutant Staff Officer-Section"-Branch<sup>35</sup>

1- Apply the information

May, 17 2000

2- Inform the officers

5/18 [May 18<sup>th</sup>.]

Page 3:

Al-Zaman Newspaper Articles

- 1- An article on page one continued on page three titled "Khatami quarters detained 18 sailors on an Iraqi vessel". (The responsibility of section<sup>4</sup>)
- 2- An article on page three titled "Kharazi: Albright's suggestions about the relations are being studied". (The responsibility of section<sup>4</sup>)

3- An article titled "Finances stand in the way of investing in new fields of natural gas". (The responsibility of section<sup>5</sup>)

Major,

`Ali Hussein Muhammad

May, 16 2000

Page 4:

[Crossed]

1- An article on page one continued on page three titled "Khatami quarters detained 18 soldiers on an Iraqi Vessel". (The responsibility of section)

2- An article on page three titled "Kharazi: Albright's suggestions about the relations are being studied". (The responsibility of section')

3- An article titled "Finances stand in the way of investing in new fields of natural gas".

(The responsibility of section<sup>5</sup>) Page 5:

G 424

Secret/Urgent      Time Initiated      Date Initiated

03/04/1979

From / General Intelligence

To / Office of Operations

Copy To/ Office of the Presidency, Revolution's Command Council, Higher Committee for National Security and to the Deputy Office.

Initiation Number/Data Plotter<sup>1</sup>/Branch<sup>2</sup>/Section<sup>i</sup>/ 2741

1- The following information was received from the Military Attaché's Office in Tehran:

a- The Arabs in southern Iran took control over a large number of the navy units.

b- They demanded their independence and condemned the Algeria agreement, and released a statement in this respect.

2- The situation has to be closely watched. Please review.

[Signature]

Colonel

Khalil Ibrahim Mahmud

Director of the General Military Intelligence

Secret/Urgent

Page 6:

[Same as page 5 but reversed]

Page 7:

[TN: This draft document is the same as Page 5]

Secret/Urgent

From / General Intelligence

To / Office of Operations

Copy To/Presidential Bureau, Revolution's Command Council, Higher Committee for National Security and to the Deputy Office.

1- The following information was received from the Office of the Military Attaché in Tehran:

a- The Arabs in southern Iran took control over a large number of the navy units.

b- They demand their independence and condemn the Algerian Agreement.

2- The situation has to be closely watched. Pleaser Review

Colonel

[UI]  
3/4 [March, 4<sup>th</sup>.]

Secret/Urgent

Page 8:

Directorate of General Military Intelligence

Data Directorate<sup>1</sup>/Section<sup>2</sup>

To / Section Manager

Subject / Situation in Iran

- 1- [In reference to] the attached telegram from our Attaché's Office in Iran; the Arabs in southern Iran took control over a large number of the navy units; they ask for their independence and condemn the Algerian agreement
- 2- We do not have enough information about the subject, and we think that it is exaggerated.
- 3- I suggest the following:
  - a- General military intelligence directorate and navy and coastal defense command are to watch the situation in Alahwaz area.
  - b- General military intelligence director/directorate/north is to watch the situation in Kurdistan and Azerbaijan.
  - c- I will develop a situational follow-up questionnaire that will be used to write a daily report.
  - d- This issue should be of the top priority of the headquarters of the two systems and the centers close to the borders.

Respectfully, review

Staff Major

Staff Officer —Section'

March, 4 1979

kindly, inform the Deputy,

Main headquarters

Branch<sup>2</sup> director

March, 4 1979

Forward

Signed on behalf of Major

3/4 [March 4<sup>th</sup>]

Page 9:

3/3/79

98 424 H

03/04/1979

Top Secret and Urgent Wire

[Square Stamp of the General Military Intelligence with the following information: Section', number 169, date 03/04/1979]

From / Office of the Military Attaché Tehran

To / General Intelligence

122(\*) The Arab in south Iran ask for their independence. (\*) They are in control of a large number of the navy units. (\*) They condemn the Algeria agreement with Iran. (\*) A translated copy of their release will be sent to you.

(\*) Please advice.

Received [UI],

03/03/1979

Page 10:

1298 Section<sup>2</sup>04/09

Section 04/09

17767/2

Secret and Urgent Wire 04/09/1979

From / Air Effort Intelligence Center

To / General Military Intelligence/Branch<sup>2</sup>

Number / Branch' /1/511/ secret and urgent wire 4524 dated 04/07. Please review our secret communication 919 dated 04/05...

1215 Naji / Khudayyir

Branch<sup>2</sup>/SectionE<sup>u</sup>l

[Signature]

Page 1:

The political situation

16939/2 section

04/07 [April 4<sup>th</sup>.]

Page 12:

G 1044

Secret/Urgent      Time Initiated      Date Initiated

03/28 [March, 28]

From / General Military Intelligence

To / The Southern Intelligence System

For information:

Initiated / data plotter'/branch <sup>2</sup>/section'/3785/5. A supplement to our secret and urgent wire 3519 dated 03/20:

(\* ) Thousands of the Arab protesters in Alahwaz submit a number of demands.

(\* ) Please find out what those demands are and inform us. [Date on the side 03/28 and a signature]

Staff Colonel

Faruq `Abd-al-Wahab

For/ Director of General Military Intelligence

S ecret/Urgent

Page 13:

[UI] 3/28

14870 / 03/22 / 2 Section<sup>s</sup>

Secret and Urgent 20/300

127 / 03/24 / 1544 G

From / [UI]

To / The Intelligence [directorate]

[UI]

Number 3211/0/ your secret and urgent wire number 3519, dated 03/20/0, information is available about the political situation in Alahwaz area indicates that:

(\*) On 3/2; there were demonstrations in these Iranian `Arabstan [Khuzestan] and Kasba areas, demanding the independence of Arabic areas in Iran.

(\*) The chief of Al-Khafajah tribes, arranged for electing the affiliates of "Al-Jaysh Al-Sha'bi" in Alahwaz and Khrumshahar areas.

(\*) Please update us with the political situation in Alahwaz

Recommended

03/24 [March 201

[UI] / Jassim

Page 14:

16067 /3 /131 /2  
origin

Secret and Urgent Wire

Received late from the

03/29 [March 29<sup>th</sup>]

142 /3 /31/15441G

From/ Office of the Military Attaché Tehran

To/ Directorate of General Military Intelligence

163, With regards to your secret wire number 3852 dated 03/29:

(\*) The sources are reliable. They are warrant officers [REDACTED] [REDACTED] affiliated with our office of attaché, and were deployed to the southern region to closely witness the incidents.

(\*) Our wire number 154 dated 3/27, did not include the details of those incidents. It will be provided as soon it comes from the source.

(\*) Keep us informed

[Signature]

[Section<sup>s</sup>]

Major

268

Opened by me

79331

3/30 [March 30<sup>th</sup>.]

[Section<sup>s</sup>]

Received

Page 15:

1544G

Secret/Urgent

Time Initiated

Date Initiated

Management

Copy

3/29 [March 30<sup>th</sup>.]

From / General Military Intelligence

To / Office of the Military Attaché Tehran

For Information:

Originator number / data plotter<sup>i</sup>/branch<sup>2</sup>/section<sup>1</sup>/3852/5 regarding your secret and urgent wire number 162 and dated 3/27:

(\*) Let us know how reliable the source is. (\*) The secret wire number 154 and dated 3/27 did not refer to the reasons for the demonstrations that happened that day and was mentioned in your previous report. [Signed and dated 3/29]

(\*) Explain!

Staff Colonel

Faruq `Abd-al-Wahab

On behalf of /Director of the General Military Intelligence



Secret / Urgent

Page 16:

Directorate of the General Military Intelligence

Data plotter<sup>1</sup>/Branch<sup>2</sup>

Sir, Branch Manager

Subject / Information

Attached/The Wire of the Attaché's Office in Tehran

- 1- The Iranian deputy prime minister; Amir Intizam; denied the statement he made earlier that "he will break the Arabs teeth and throw them in the Gulf, if they do not shut-up!" Al-Khaqani asked Khomeini to send Mandi Bazarkan to the demonstration area mentioned in an earlier wire. He arrived on March 24.
- 2- The prime minister was not able to deliver his speech to the 600 thousand protesters because of the gun fire in the air.
- 3- Later, he delivered a speech in 'Abadan stadium to assure the Arabic speaking citizens that their demands will be met according to the law. He was interrupted by the protestors who claimed that they are Arabs and not just Arabic speakers.
- 4- The Arabs in `Arabistan are ready for a revolution to gain their rights. They only need to be more politically organized and more motivated.

I suggest sending those files and our previous wire to the operation center, directorate of the presidential bureau and the office of vice president.

Please review and advice.

[ S ignature]

Major

Section% Branch<sup>2</sup>

3/28 [March 28<sup>th</sup>]

Sections

Since it has not been signed yet by the general manager I'd rather not send it now and attach to the previous wires.

[Signature, dated 2/28/79]

Based on consultation with the section manager, submit the information sent in our previous wire after checking the reliability of the source with our Attaché Office in Tehran

3/28

Page 17:

15809 / 3/28 / 2

Secret Wire

From / Office of the Military Attaché Tehran

To/ Directorate of General Intelligence

3/27 [March 27<sup>th</sup>.]

133 / 3/28 / 1544G

162

An addendum to our wire number 154 dated 3/26:

(\*) Bazarkan went to `Arabistan to un-do the damage caused by Amir Intizam's statement; which he later denied; about "breaking the Arabs teeth and throwing them in the Gulf, if they do not shut-up!" (\*) Al-Khaqani asked Al-Khomeini to send Bazarkan to the area. (\*)Bazarkan arrived in Khorramshahr on March 24. (\*)Bazarkan could not deliver his speech; as planned; to the six hundred thousand protesters who were firing guns in the air in front of him. He was not able to give his speech on Television too. (\*) He spoke to the Arabic speakers in 'Abadan's stadium to let know that their demands will be met according to the law. (\*) He was interrupted by the protestors who claimed that they are Arabs and not just Arabic speakers. (\*)The Arabs in the area are ready for a revolution to gain their rights. (\*) They only need to be more politically organized and more motivated.

[Signature]

Received [UI]

3/27 [March 27<sup>th</sup>.]

Page 18:

Directorate of General Military Intelligence

Data plotter<sup>2</sup>/branch<sup>3</sup>

Sir, Deputy

Subject / Suggestions for `Arabistan

Please review the suggestions made by section' on actions needed to restore the Arabic culture of Alahwaz. I support the suggestions made by the section excluding the following:

1- Article (4): Television programs about the Arabic character of the area.

2- Article (6): Radio and Television programs to revive the Arabic heritage.

I think that using those direct methods now, will create tension with the current Iranian government.

I also think that there should be an indirect, staged plan of action.

Please inform the concern parties.

[TR: The signatures and comments are not clear]

Page 19:

44 / Chief of General Staff-Tehran dated 5/5/1979

An Arab-Iranian delegation representing the Religious Authority Muhammad Tahir Al Shbir Khaqani in southern Iran met today with Ayatollah Al-Khomeini. After several meetings, last week with the Iranian authorities, they discussed the demands and the problems of the Arab-Iranian citizens. The delegation condemned the attempts to separate any part of Iran. Al-Khomeini announced in a radio broadcast from the voice of the Islamic Republic, that he hopes to fulfill all the demands of the people and solve their problems within the next few days.

15/7/1/1/4

[Signatures]

Page 20:

Section'

1- Your suggestions are being considered

- 2- The Algerian agreement defines our relations with Iran at the present time.
- 3- Any change in our media policy, at the present time; particularly the direct methods mentioned earlier; will create tension in Iran.
- 4- I think that creating an organized party in Alahwaz is a better option. The problem we will face is the time needed to train individuals to follow a plan of action. We have to find a balance between effort and gain without spending too much effort and getting the minimum benefits. The Iranians are moving less towards the Gulf at this time, which have always been the goal of our politicians.
- 5- Any unusual change in the media policy will renew the tension at this critical time in the Arab region because of the "high treason" agreement between the Egyptian ruler and the Zionist regime.
- 6- The priority, in my view, is the leading role of our country in the Arab region at the present time.
- 7- I like to get section' and section<sup>3</sup> insights. Please send your reviews.

Please review [UI]

[Signature]

Page 21:

Directorate of General Military Intelligence

Data plotter/Branch3

Sir, Section Manager

Subject / `Arabistan

The Shah regime destroyed and wiped out the Arabic characteristics of `Arabistan. He destroyed and buried the Arabic remains, changed street names from Arabic to Farsi ones and wiped out the Arabic heritage and spirit. In order to restore the Arabic face of the Arabic region Alahwaz, I suggest the following:

- 1- Form an organization under the Ba'th Socialist Party with a name such as (the National Assembly of Alahwaz-Arabs) that has the façade of serving the Arab nation's goals, while Iraqi revolutionists, who can easily mix with people in the area, can infiltrate the organization to help build it. The Alahwaz liberation front failed to achieve its goals and because it was infiltrated by the "Savak" and ended up servicing Iran and not Alahwaz Arabs.

- 2- Increase the awareness of the Arab youth about the Arabic heritage and history of the region through smuggling printed information.
- 3- Enforce the television transmission in Al-Basrah and Al-qmarah and build a private radio and television station [TR: the rest is unclear or missing] (similar to Qasr Shirin station), and through it entertainment programs that Iran lacks at present. Campaigns directed to the Iranians can be broadcasted similar to what the Iranian government did during the Shah era against the Arab nation.
- 4- Prepare television programs that talks about the Arabism of the area as a TV series showing how `Arabistan was annexed in a symbolic indirect manner, in addition of broadcasting the popular songs in Alahwaz area.
- 5- Concentration and mentioning the names of cities and areas in their original Arabic

Page 22:

Directorate of General Military Intelligence

Data plotter'/Branch<sup>3</sup>

Sir /

Subject /

[TR: It is a continuation of the missing part of page 21]

Names that were changed to Farsi ones as mentioned in our 1977 annual report.

- 6- Programmed radio and television transmission to revive the Arabic heritage in Alahwaz.

Please review. [UI] your orders

[Signature]

Section', Branch<sup>2</sup>

Major 4/28 [April 28<sup>th</sup>.]

Page23:

Directorate of General Military Intelligence

Data plotter'/Branch3

Sir, Section Manager

Subject / Alahwaz

A wire from the Attaché Office in Tehran is attached

- 1- In `Arabistan, Imam Al-Khaqani threatens to leave Iran if the government does not meet the following requirements within one week:
  - a. Fulfills the demands of the Arabs in Alahwaz.
  - b. Limits the activities of the revolution committees.
- 2- Imam Al-Khaghani's followers will be violent if those demands are not fulfilled.
- 3- Our secret wire number 3797 dated March 28 shows that Alahwaz Arabs demands were forwarded to the authorities. We are still following up the incidents in the southern region.

Please review,

[Signature]

Major

Data plotter<sup>1</sup>/Branch<sup>3</sup>

4/24 [April 24]

Page 24:

[Square Stamp of the Directorate General of Military Intelligence with the following information: section, secret and urgent wire, number 350, date 4/24/1979]

175 / 4/24 / 1544G

20410 / 4/23/2 4/23

From / Office of Military Attaché Tehran

To / Directorate of General Military Intelligence

198

(\*) The religious authority of `Arabistan, Al-Khaghani, threatens to leave Iran if it does not fulfill the demands of its Arab population and limits the activities of the revolution committees within one week. He warns Iran of the problems his followers will create in case he left the country. Please advice!

[Signature]

Captain

Opened by me

4/23 [April 23]

Page 25:

Communication 334

[UI] 4/28 [April 28<sup>th</sup>]

Iran Incidents

15) 44 / Iraqi News Agency [INA]/Tehran dated 4/25/1979

A delegation of the Arab-Iranian citizens of Alahwaz, representing the different political organizations, arrived in Tehran today

According to one member of the delegation, Mister Shibl Al-Ta'i /to the INA/, they came to conduct a number of meetings with the leaders of the Iranian revolution starting with Ayatollah Al-Khomeini and Prime Minister Engineer Mandi Bazirkan and to study the different aspects of the problems of the Arabic region of Iran.

Mister Al-Ta'i confirmed that the Arabs are fighting side by side with the Iranians for an independent and free Iran. The Arabs in Alahwaz, who stood against the previous regime, are strongly determined to continue their fight for the principles of the Islamic Republic led by Ayatollah Al-Khomeini. Ayatollah Sheikh Muhammad Tahir Al-Shbir Khaqani and Iranian authorities helped form that delegation to fulfill the demands of the Arabs.

Directorate3/3/00/ /3

19) [UI]/Mahabad 4/24/1979

The French news agency stated, based on a release from the influential widely respected religious leader of the Shiite Kurds, Sheikh 'Izz-al-Din Hussayn, that a small group of retroactive elements intentionally started the fights in Nijadah west Iran. The fights stopped yesterday.

3/00/1/3

[Signature]

4/28 [April 28<sup>th</sup>]

Page 26:

Iran Incidents

The seventy five years old-Sheikh `Izz-al-Din Hussayn stated; from his modest home in the middle of the city of Nijadah, five hundred Kilometers west of Tehran; that the Mujahidin army of Al-Khomeini were not responsible for the killing, embezzlement and the destruction of homes during the fight in Nijadah.

13/3/000/1/9

Page 27:

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Top Secret

[Rectangular stamp for incoming mail]

Directorate of General Staff of the Armed Forces

Office of Operations

Directorate of the General Military Intelligence

Number / Date plotter<sup>1</sup>/Branch<sup>2</sup>/Section<sup>i</sup>

Date / 4/16/1979

The office copy

To / Navy and Coastal Defense Command / Intelligence-Southern Region Intelligence system- Attaché office —Tehran

Subject / Follow-up

Please continue to follow-up the situation in Alahwaz and update us.

[Signature]

Staff Colonel

Faruq `Abd-al-Wahab



Director of the General Military Intelligence [Signature]

Top Secret

Page 28:

Top Secret

To / Naval and Coastal Defense Command/ Directorate of General Military Intelligence

The Military Attaché Office in Tehran

Follow-up

Please keep us informed about the situation in Alahwaz.

to be printed

[Signature]

Page 29:

5264 / 3/17 / 2 / [UI]

320 / 4/17 / [UI]

Republic of Iraq

452 / 4/17 / 1544 G

Office of the president of the republic

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

[Eagle Stamp of the Republic of Iraq]

(Top Secret and Personal)

Number / [UI] / 1 / 147

Date / 4/15/1979

The Revolutionary Command Council / Secretarial Office

Subject / The political situation in Alahwaz

Please find attached the letter of the directorate of the general military intelligence number 16680, dated 4/12/1979. Kindly read and take the necessary action after reviewing Mister President's comments

[Signature]

Staff Colonel

Tariq Hamad Al'abdallah

For the Presidential Bureau

[Signature dated 4/18]

A copy to: Directorate of the General Military Intelligence/ Your above memo / Please

Kindly inform Mister Deputy

[Signature]

[UI] Branch<sup>2</sup>

April, 17 19 79

The General Manager for review

[Signature]

4/17 [April 17<sup>th</sup>.]

Page 30-31:

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

16939 / 4/7 / 2 / section<sup>2</sup>

[Different stamps and file numbers]

Directorate of General Military Intelligence

Southern Region Intelligence System

Number / Branch' / Section / 1 / 919

Date / 4/5/1979

Secret

To / Directorate of the General Military Intelligence — Branch<sup>2</sup> 410 / 4/7 / 1544G

Subject / Political situation

As per your urgent secret correspondence / data plotterl / branch2 / sectionl / 3019 dated 3/20/1979, and our secret addendum to correspondence 747 dated 3/18/1979, the information available about the situation in Alahwaz is as follows:

- 1- Deputy prime minister of Iran 'Abbas Amir Intizam, stated that the half million Arabic speakers in Iran, are immigrants from non Arab origins. They were offended by the vice prime minister's threat to throw them in the sea. Sheikh Muhammad Tahir expressed their anger to Iran prime minister Mandi Bazirkan, and asked him, on their behalf, to hold his deputy accountable and to dismiss him.
  
- 2- Prime minister and his deputy, and the minister of defense met with Sheikh Muhammad Tahir on 3/24/1979 in Almahmarah. He promised to study the legitimate requests of the Arabs of Alahwaz. Thousand of Arabs gathered during that meeting and expressed their joy by firing guns and emphasizing their demands as well as their requests to be represented in the current government. The speech given by the prime minister was not well heard because of the noise and problems with the loud speakers. He promised to communicate with them through radio and television.
  
- 3- A copy of the report issued by the Arab cultural center titled "Who are our friends, and who are our enemies" as a response to the deputy prime minister releases is attached.
  
- 4- The name of the organization "Mujahidi Arab Khuzistan" was changed to the "Political Organization of the Arab-Irani Citizens". A copy of the announcement is attached.
  
- 5- A large number of the Arab nationals demonstrated in Almahmarah on 3/26/1979 against Egypt's ruler for signing the "treaty of betrayal". Suspected supporters of the previous regime fired guns and injured some of the demonstrators as they reached the headquarters of the revolutionary committee in the city. The suspects had guns and ammunitions in their possession when arrested. They were delivered to Sheikh Muhammad Tahir. A copy of the announcement made by the Arabic cultural center concerning the incident is attached for your information.

Attachments

Three Announcements

[Signature]

Staff Colonel

Qasim `Abd-al-Hadi `Umar

Manager of Southern Region Intelligence System

Secret

Page 32:

Secret/Urgent                      Time Initiated                      Date Initiated

3/4/1979

1686/7934

4230/935

From / General Intelligence

To / Operations Office

And to: Office of the Presidency-Revolution's Command Council-The Security Higher Committee- Vice President Office

Initiation Number/Data Plotter<sup>i</sup>/Branch<sup>2</sup>/Section<sup>i</sup>/ 2741

The following information was received from the Military Attaché's Office in Tehran:

- 1- The Arabs in southern Iran took control over a large number of navy units.
- 2- They ask for their independence and condemn the Algerian agreement.

We requested a close watch of the situation. Please Review

Colonel

Khalil Ibrahim Mahmud

Director of the General Military Intelligence

[The same letter on page 5 with copies sent to: operation office on 3/5/1979, the minister of defense on 3/9, the private office on 3/10/1979, the deputy staff general, director of intelligence]

[Comment dated 3/17/1979, sent to director of branch to follow up closely the situation in southern Iran]

[UI dated 3/11]

Page 33:

Secret and Urgent                      Time Initiated                      Date Initiated

4/7 [April 7<sup>th</sup>]

From / Directorate of the General Military Intelligence

To / Southern Regional Intelligence Center

Initiation number / date plotter<sup>s</sup> / branch<sup>2</sup> / section<sup>2</sup> / 4254

(\* We Confirm our wire communication number 3940 dated 4/1, (\*) Keep us informed

[Signature]

Staff Colonel

Faruq `Abd-al-Wahab

Director of the General Military Intelligence [April 7<sup>th</sup>]

Secret, Urgent

Page 34:

1544G

Secret/Urgent                      Time Initiated                      Date Initiated

4/8 [April 8<sup>th</sup>.]

From / Directorate of the General Military Intelligence

To / Southern Regional Intelligence Center

Initiation number / Date plotter<sup>s</sup> / Branch<sup>2</sup> / Section<sup>2</sup> / 3940

(\* We Confirm our wire 3785 dated 3/28, (\*) Keep us informed

[Signature]

Staff Colonel

Faruq `Abd-al-Wahab

Director of the General Military Intelligence [March, 3<sup>rd</sup>.]

Secret, Urgent

Page 35:

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

Top Secret

[Receiving stamp: refer to the complete number]

Navy and Coastal Defense Command

Naval Staff

Intelligence / Naval Reconnaissance Section

Number / Intelligence / 9 // 1852

Date / 3/28/1979                      378 / 3/31                      1544G

To / Directorate of General Military Intelligence (section<sup>2</sup>)

Subject / Information

Referred to your secret and urgent message 3519 dated 3/20/1979, the following information was gathered from the Iranian side:

- 1- In `Arabistan, the demands of Alahwaz Arabs were discussed in a meeting held at Sayid Muhammad 'Ali Sayid `Adnan's mosque in Almahmarah, between the heads [sheikhs] of the Arab tribes and a delegation from the Islamic council and the Iranian government. Ahmad Al-Khomeini and Fadlallah Jawadi focused on improving the economy, agricultural production and promotion of justice. They did not discuss the Arabization and the freedom of publishing in Arabic. They promised to offer their support to the Sheikhs of the tribes and to the followers of Al-Hussein [Alhusseineh] and emphasized the need to cooperate and threatened to fight the attempts of separating Alahwaz from Iran. They also indicated using the sectarian affiliations of the Arab citizens to support the Islamic Republic in the upcoming election on 3/30/1979.
  
- 2- A Farsi right wing group provoked Alahwaz Arabs claiming that they are seeking their self rule. The national Arab rights movement spread and included the students and workers in Alahwaz region and in particular those in 'Abadan oil refinery and the gas pumping stations in Aghajari and Jund Shahbur University. In a student symposium, a number of students expressed their support to the Iranian revolution and demanded the Arabization of curriculums and that the Arabic language be the official language of `Arabistan. The authorities arrested six of the students including Hamid Durki for stirring the Arabs up against the Islamic republic and rallying the students behind the national democratic

movement and the federal party. They were released on Friday upon Sheikh Muhammad Tahir Al-Khaqani's request.

- 3- The religious Iraqi scholar Shibr Al-Sayid `Adnan, who lived in Almahmarah, disappeared after being accused by Al-Khumeini's followers of supporting their competitor, the religious scholar Kazim Shari' at Madari, instead of joining their movement. Kazim Shari'at Madari is known for his opposition to the election.

(1-2)

Top Secret

[Signature]

[UI]

Page 36:

Top Secret

That scholar was sent to Kuwait. The Iran government is trying to contain Al-Khumeini's leadership oppositions peacefully. The recent events indicate that the between 60-70 percent will vote for the Islamic republic in Alahwaz

- 4- Fatimi, a retired officer and a relative of the minister of exterior in Musadaq Hussein Fatimi's government, is still running the two training camps of the leftist Iranian commandos on the Mountains of Bakhtiar north of Alahwaz in Mujahidi Khalq and the Red Star areas. Those commandos have the wide support of the Farsi tribes; Albakhtiari and Al-Chochtrih because they call for the liberation of the public freedom. The Palestinian commandos, the military barracks and smuggling were the main sources of weapons to the tribes before the new regime. The government is trying to avoid the Commandos attack on the nearby oil fields.
- 5- The security systems formed by the government of Iran have been recently re-activated to cover the cities, villages, factories, institutions, ports, and military barracks. The focus was on the Arab areas and the oil production area. They also closely watched the labor union authorities in 'Abadan and Almahmarah as well as the sheikhs of the tribes of Shat Tamim, Al-Durk and Alahwaz.
- 6- The Iranian leadership sent new delegations; claimed to be formed of religious scholars; to the Gulf area in an effort to gain all the possible support of the Iranians and the Arabs regardless of their previous affiliation with the Shah. Iran likes to continue its role as a main power in the Arab Gulf under the religion cover rather than that of the security of the Gulf cover. The national interests of Iran are still dominating the media, the army and the politicians. The government of Iran stopped liquidating the officers of armed forces and promised them a

larger role in the government and in protecting the revolution after it realized the need for a strong army to combat the possible uprising of the Kurds in Azerbaijan, the hot borders of Blujistan, `Arabistan with Afghanistan and the Turkman demands for some type of self rule, similar to Iran's promise to the Kurds earlier.

[ S ignature]

Staff Navy Major

[Signatures]

Ibrahim Muhammad Faysal

March, 29 1979

Director of Naval and Coastal Defense (2-2)

Page 37:

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

- 1- We give our absolute support to the Islamic Republic of Iran and think that Khuzestan is an un-separable part of the great nation of Iran.
- 2- The Arabic language is a national demand for the Arabs in Iran. Arabic is to be the first language and Farsi the second language at all levels of education except at the elementary level. It is the language used in writing and publishing in all aspects of politics. The Arabs in Iran demand to practice their rights to form their clubs, communities, have independent radio and television station that transmit in Arabic, revive their heritage in order to keep their identity. They also demand their rights for a free mandatory education throughout all the education stages with emphasize on higher education.
- 3- Well- built schools equipped with recent technology and books in the whole region and all the villages. Establish universities, scientific establishments that give the priority to the Arab majority and fulfill their needs.
- 4- Form an Arab-Irani legislator to formulate the laws of the Arab-Irani Muslim community and establish the courts responsible for applying these laws according to the rules of Islam.
- 5- Participation in the foundation committee should follow the ratio of participants to the whole Arab Irani Muslim population.
- 6- Give the Arab-Iranis a priority to fill the jobs in both the public and the private sectors in this area. Allow them to take advantage of the study abroad programs



and finally assign a portion of the oil income to improve the agriculture and the industry in the area.

- 7- The number of the Arab-Irani elected representatives should be based on their percentage to the whole population and to the number of vacant seats in the central government.

Page 38:

- 8- The Islamic republic is to recognize the Arab nationalism in Khuzestan.
- 9- Allow Arabs to participate in the public army based on their place of living and to train their officers
- 10- Call the cities and the villages by their original historic names that have been changed by the Fascist, Bahlawi government.
- 11- These rules have to be part of the basic rules of the respectful Islamic republic.
- 12- If the Islamic republic permits, the Arab population acknowledges the rights of the other Irani populations for self determination. The Arab Muslim Population Organization also condemns all forms of occupation, follow a nonalignment policy and use all its power, confidently, to spread the teachings of Islam.

The Political Arab-Irani Youth Organization

[UI]

Almahmarah- Al-Khumeini street number 333 (Al-khaz'alyah)

Page 39:

[TR: cannot read. It is probably written in Farsi]

Page 40:

8/1/1358

Note number 2

His Almighty

Dear struggling citizens,

The gigantic revolution of the Iranian people shook the imperialism and suppressed retroactivity and corruption. It goes without saying that the occupiers and their agents will do what they can and look for any chance to defeat our revolution.

We, the Arab-Iranian Muslims, fought with the rest of the Iranians everywhere; in cities, villages, mosques and factories; against the destructive Bahlawi regime lead by the imperialist United States of America. It is only fair to ask for our historical, economical, political, cultural and social rights just as all the other populations in the free independent Iran. Some are trying to call us (Separationists) and stir the public Irani opinion against our Arab —Irani people. Suspected groups of people; who hate to see our fighters united; fired on the demonstration we organized together with the rest of the population on 3/27/1979 (1/2/1358H) to condemn the Sadat-Zionist conspiracy against the struggling Palestinians and all the other Arabs and Muslims.

We condemn all these inhumane practices, and we believe that our revolutionists will defeat all the conspiracies that are targeting him.

Death to conspirers and traitors

The Arab Cultural Center / Almahmarah

Page 41:

#### Who Are Our Friends and Who Are Our Enemies

Our beloved Iran and our glorious revolution lead by the hero Ayatullah Al-Khomeini are experiencing a very critical period. It is the most dangerous period in the history of our oppressed people. We have to pay attention to the conspiracy practiced against the people of Iran.

No one can deny the Arab population their legitimate rights. We support the national government of Mister Bazirkan and condemn the negative publicity by the media (newspapers, radio and television) about our history and population. We also condemn the censorship practiced on all of our news and publications. We condemn the insult made by the spokesperson of the government of Amir Intizam to throw the Arab Iranians in the sea, during his telephone call with His Eminence Sheikh Muhammad Tahir Al Shbeir and we ask for his resignation. We are a deeply-rooted population who existed before and after Islam. We are not immigrants, we are not just a tribal community, but we are a socially diverse community. We are two million people originally live in the villages and we are a large percentage of the population of the cities in this area.

We support Sheikh Muhammad Tahir Al Shbeir in his honorable fight for the legitimate rights of the Arab Iranians.

For better relations between the Iranian populations

The Arab Iranian Intellectual Committee

Page 42:

Secret /Urgent

From / The General Intelligence

To / Corps<sup>3</sup> / Naval and Coastal Defense Command / Directorate of General Military Intelligence / Office of Military Attaché in Tehran

(\* ) Please watch very closely the development of the political situation in Alahwaz and update us as soon as possible.

3/20 [March 20<sup>th</sup>.]

Secret / Urgent

Page 43:

Secret /Urgent \_\_\_\_\_ Time Initiated \_\_\_\_\_ Date Initiated 1544G

3/20 [March 20<sup>th</sup>.]

From / The General Military Intelligence

To / Corps<sup>3</sup> / Naval and Coastal Defense Command / Directorate of General Military Intelligence/ Office of Military Attaché in Tehran

For Information:

Initiation number /Data plotter' / Branch' / Section' / 3519 / 5

(\* ) Please watch very closely the development of the political situation in Alahwaz and update us as soon as possible.

[Signature]

Staff Colonel

Faruq `Abd-al-Wahab

Director of the General Military Intelligence

3/20 [March 20<sup>th</sup>.]

Secret /Urgent

Page 44:

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

[Eagle Stamp of the Republic of Iraq]

Increase the quality and the quantity of your daily effort for the welfare of the great Iraq

Secret

The Office of the Iraqi Military Attaché

[In German and in Arabic]

Bonne Number: Section<sup>1</sup> / 2039

Date: July, 25 1990

Rabi' Al-Thani 1411 H

To / General Military Intelligence / Section<sup>19</sup>

Subject / Document

Please find attached the English document about the Gulf War. Please review

Attachments

(1) Document

[Signature]

Staff Colonel

Ismat Judi Muhammad

Military Attaché

A copy to

Directorate of the General Military Intelligence / [UI] / Document cost was paid by authorized funds... Please review

Forward to Section<sup>13</sup>

[UI]

9/30 [September 30<sup>th</sup>.]

Secret

Page 45:

Secret

Number 2039 M

To / Directorate of the General Military Intelligence / Section<sup>13</sup>

Secret

Page 46:

Secret and Urgent Wire

The committee of the religious scholars, the military and district authorities, ask the committees in Khorramshahr to focus on political actions rather than military operations.

(\* Signed by Major Hijazi

(\* Comments

(\* The following call was received on 5/13/1979 at 18:15 PM

(\* We think that it is related to the subject of interest and was not forwarded because of insufficient information

(\* Khorramshahr — Colonel Hushmand the Chief Police Officer of Khorramshahr is in desperate need for armed forces from the naval or the military base to be placed under his command.

(\* Tehran — I do not have the name of the guard, but I called the authorities and they asked me to call the directorate telephone number (3201)

(\* The end

(\* Please review

[Signature]

Colonel

Khalil Ibrahim Mahmud

Director of the General Military Intelligence -

2-

Secret and Urgent Wire

Page 47:

27 / London in 4/27/1979

(\* ) A delegation representing the large Arab population in south Iran arrived in Tehran demanding the complete recognition of their social and cultural rights.

They will meet, in the next few days, with the prime minister and a number of the government authorities to submit their demands. One correspondent of the British Broadcast Corporation in Tehran mentioned that they seem to adopt a moderate approach in contrast to that they took during an earlier news conference. In that earlier new conference, they threatened to interrupt the oil processing in the areas where they live, which happened to be the oil rich areas of Iran.

The delegation denied receiving any support from Arabs outside of Iran. They admit contacting some of the other ethnic groups in Iran that demand their self rule such as the Kurds and the Palushis.

10/6/-/ [UI]/3/4

Page 48:

26/ INA I Iraqi News Agency] - Tehran on 4/28/1979

Tens of thousands of the Arab Iranian citizens protested in Khorramshahr against any movement calling for the separation from Iran.

According to the evening news papers today, the protesters carried the pictures of Al-Khumeini and Sheikh Muhammad Tahir Al Shbeir Al-Khaghani and gathered in front of the building of the Arab Muslim Khuzestan Organization in Khorramshahr. They shouted for the support of the Arab Farsi brotherhood and condemned the attempts to separate them from Iran and emphasized its unity.

The protesters issued a release stating their absolute support to the leadership of Ayatallah Al-Khaghani, demanded the government's response to the Irani-Arabs national demands. They also announced their support to the Arab delegation, presently, in Tehran discussing their rights and stressing the unity of Iran.

40/7/1/3/4

'Comments] and numbers]

Page 49:

[2103]

[TR: parts are missing]

The enemy is close to Dar Balut village (7113) (\*) [UI]

2- Sector of Brigade 8

a- The Kumishan observatories reported people moving at different times in (8529)

b- Bagh observatory reported 30 people in Anjarah Karah are moving towards [UI; possibly Kul Sfeid] (7744) at the hour 1115.

c- At the hour 1025, Bagh observatory reported the presence of an enemy group in Azkalah (7754).

d- Two vehicles were seen moving from Qalqalah to Jabal Srabhin (8666)

3- Wireless Tapping:

a- Wireless tapped messages were forwarded to the concerned divisions.

4- Comments:

a- The positions of the enemy mortars in relations to the sector of infantry brigade 2 indicate that the enemy is moving towards battalions 2 and 3.

b- The enemy stations are still close to our sectors in Kurmush and Fathat Kuli Khatir.

c- There is the possibility to engage with our sectors and reserve in a limited operation to stop their move towards the Kilan sector.

d- No other moves were observed

[Oval stamp of the general military intelligence microfilm]

[Signature]

Staff Major General

Sa'di Ti'mah 'Abbas

On behalf of the Leader of the second corps

[Signature]

Secret and Urgent Message

Pages 50-51:

[UI]

[TR: cannot be read, very light]

Page 52:

Secret / Urgent \_\_\_\_\_ Time and Date of Initiation [Numbers]

Time: hour 1900 Date: 10/27/1988

From / Air Forces and Air Force Defense Command

To / Headquarters of Military Operations/

And to / Ministry of Defense Command Bureau/Chief of General Staff / Operation Office / Directorate of General Military Intelligence / Planning/Representative of Air Force Command

Initiation number / Section!/ Qadisyat Saddam/ 6799

Situation assessment on 10/27/1988 from the hours 700-1900:

1- Enemy's Air Activity:

a- Nine air flights in the Iranian depth was observed.

2- Syrian Air Activity:

a- Six flights in the Syrian depth were observed.

3- Air Forces and Air force Defense Activity:



a- One routine flight was observed.

4- No change is observed in vehicles, equipment and manpower.

[Signature]

On behalf of Staff Pilot Major General

Salim Sultan `Abdallah

Deputy Chief of Operation

Colonel Pilot Muhammad `Abd-al-Fattah Flayyih

Secret/Urgent

Page 53:

Secret /Urgent \_\_\_\_\_ Time and Date of initiation [Numbers]

On 10/25/1988 at 1900 Hour

From / Air Force Command

To / Headquarters of Military Operations

And to / Ministry of Defense Command Bureau/Chief of General Staff / Operation Office / Directorate of General military intelligence / Planning/Representative of Air Force

Initiation number / Section/ Qadisyat Salami 6765

Situation assessment for 10/25/1988 from the hours 700-1900:

1- Enemy's Air Activity: Twenty three air flights over the Iran depth in front of the third sector.

2- The Syrian Air Activity: Twelve flights over the Syrian depth in front of the second and the fourth air defense sectors.

3- No routine Air Force and Air defense Force activity were observed.

4- No change in vehicles, equipment and manpower.



[Signature]

On behalf of Staff Pilot Major General

Salim Sultan `Abdallah

Deputy Chief of Operation

Major/Engineer `Abd-al-Karim Rahim Rida

Secret /Urgent

Page 54:

Secret /Urgent  
[Numbers]

Time and Date of Initiation

On 10/24/1988 at 1900 Hour

From / Air Force Command

To / Headquarters of Military Operations

And to / Ministry of Defense Command Bureau/Chief of General Staff / Operation Office / Directorate of General military intelligence / Planning/Representative of Soldiers Section

Initiation number / Section/ Qadisyat Saddam/ 6746

Situation assessment for 10/24/1988 from the hours 700-1900:

- 1-Enemy's Air Activity: Seven air flights over the Iran depth in front of the third sector.
- 2-The Syrian air activity: Twelve flights over the Syrian depth in front of the second and the fourth air defense sectors.
- 3-No routine Air Force and Air defense Force activity was observed.
- 4-No change in vehicles, equipment and manpower.

[Signature]

On behalf of Staff Pilot Major General

Salim Sultan `Abdallah

Deputy Chief of Operation  
Colonel Pilot Yaldram Hasan Hussayn

[Signature]

Secret / Urgent

Page 55:

[TR: Pages are missing. Text is interrupted]

Third: Air Reconnaissance Company

It has 25 helicopters type 206 JetRanger

And 10 helicopters type Bell 205(UH1)

Fourth: Maintenance Unit

c- Army Air group in Sulyman mosque.

d- Army Air group in Kirman

e- Army Air group in Qal'at Marghi in Tehran

(c, d and e, have the same organization of the army air group in Bakhtran)

f- The support group in Isfahan has transportation battalion, consisting of Chinuk helicopters with the organizational groups mentioned earlier.

g- The Army Air Force school and the Training Center in Isfahan.

-9-

Page 56:

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

[A circle stamp of the Directorate of General Military Intelligence]

Top Secret and Personal

Second: The enemy threw six gas bombs on the brigade ammunition magazine<sup>51</sup> in  
'Inkizah.

f- Sector of the Sixth Corps

First: Three columns of 15 vehicles each are moving. Two are moving from Majnun north to the south , and the third is moving in an opposite direction.

Second: RASIT [French radar] shows that four vessels are within (1-1.5 Km) of Huwaidi cape (division 35).

g- Sector of the Third Corps

One 30-vehicle column is coming from the depth and settled in front of the brigade ammunition magazine 56 facing Kishk Albasri ( sector division 5)

h- Sector of the Seventh Corps

First: One 35-light vehicles are shown to be moving from Alfaw towards nodule [Al'uqdah] (23) on the coastal way and returned on the same direction.

Second: The enemy threw three smoke bombs on the location of brigade 94 (it was previously brigade 120) and three on the location of mechanized battalion 441 on the coastal way (sector division 14).

3- Situation Assessment:

On the day 29 of October 1986, at 2000 hour, two divers were observed approaching Al-Aghmar area moving towards the obstruction system by battalion 3, brigade 45, division 11 in Kut Suwadi.

-2-

Top Secret and Personal

Page 57:

In the Name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful

[A circle stamp of the directorate of general military intelligence]

Top Secret and Personal

3- Activities of our Air Forces

Our Air Forces struck the camps of Karmanshah, Islamabad and Karramshahr's oil refineries.

[Signature]

Staff Colonel

Director of the thirteenth division

30 Oct 86

-3-

Top Secret and Personal

Page 58

[TN: This is a newscast from Reuters]

Radio Tehran said that three Iraqi fighters were shot down when they were trying attacking gatherings of the Iranian forces and residential areas at west of Iran.

Iran says that it destroyed more than 70 Iraqi planes in the current battles. Iraq admitted that it had lost nine planes. Iraq owns about 500 military planes, which gives it superiority in the air force over Iran at a ratio of ten to one.

Baghdad said that its air force had made a direct and effective hit to a big navy target — It is an expression that Iraq usually uses to mean an oil tanker or a commercial ship [UI] Iran's coast at the north of the gulf.

There was no immediate confirmation from independent media for what Iraq has declared.

Reuters

Page 59:

Conscript Soldier, [REDACTED] came to our sector in the central operation area on March, 21 1984 and delivered the following information:

1- Personal Information

A- Name: [REDACTED]

- b- Unit: Independent armored car squadron (213) attached to headquarters of brigade 37 Shiraz
- c- Born in: Isfahan 1962
- d- Nationality: Farsi

## 2- Information about the involvement of the Iranian sectors into his sector

- a- Reconnaissance company is located behind the defense position of Al-Quds battalion
- b- The mechanized battalion 177 is located behind obstacle [UI]
- c- Brigade 37 in Qasr Shirin is responsible for the borders of Kilan and the back of brigade 37 [UI] headquarters. The advanced one is located in the south of the village of [UT].
- d- Commander of the advanced brigade is lieutenant colonel 'Ali 'Abbas
- e- He claims that the enemy is planning to move towards Basrah.
- f- No confrontation plans in the sector

Generally speaking, the military situation is deteriorating because of the conflicts between the army and the guards. The Iranians, including the military people are looking forward to the end of this war because of the number of casualties during the last battles.

## 3- Economic Situation

It is deteriorating. Food is only available through rationing and the prices are going up.

Page 60:

## 4- The Shura Council Elections

It was mandatory. The Iranian citizens lost confidence in the election process because of the falsification in the electoral districts that occurred in spite of the warnings issued by

the systems of the country. All of those who did not participate in the parliament election were considered infidels and against the revolution.

5- He was imprisoned for a year and a half because of his support to the organization of Mujahidi Khalq. He claims that he joined Mujahidi Khalq because of the lack of the military operations of the opposition in Iran and its focus on stirring the Iranians against the leadership.

6- He wants to stay in Iraq to finish with his education

7- He wants to speak on radio and television

8- Factories

Thirty thousand skilled workers and experts work in Isfahan Iron and steel factories run by Russian experts. Iran is planning for another Steel factory in Isfahan about ten kilometers east of the existing one.

The reason for fleeing Iran: He is closely watched in his unit and his sector by Al-Khumeini guards because of his support to Mujahidi Khalq.

Page 61:

Wire Transfer Form

Secret and Urgent

From: Corps<sup>2</sup>

Time and Date: 200, 1/3 [January 3<sup>rd</sup>.]

To: Directorate of General Military Intelligence

For review: Central Military command — All Corps — Military Operations — Eastern District Intelligence Center — Operations Corps<sup>2</sup>

Number: 9

Branch Corps, Intelligence Summary for 1/3 [January P.], until the hour 2200

Air activity:

1- A sound of one helicopter was heard behind the Sunbulah chain at the hour 1200 (8096).



2- Two enemy helicopters were observed over the village of Imam Zadah 'Abbas at the hour 1335 (8183).

3- The sounds of two helicopters were heard behind Mimak Mountain at the hour 1410.

4- The infantry brigade bittalion<sup>2</sup> observatory heard the sound of one helicopter at the hour 1140

Enemy Movements:

1- Sector of infantry division<sup>8</sup>:

a- One hundred twenty four vehicles came into the Sarbil Zahab basin and 68 went out.

b- Bagh observatory reported the movement of 15 people from Karah Mountains to Mish Rankin at the hour 1030.

c- At the hour 1300, in Al-Muraba' area (8344), more than seventy people were moving.

d- Fifteen people were seen moving in (8565) towards Bani Dar (7961).

2- Sector of Infantry Division:

a- One of our patrols had a fight with the enemy in [UI] area.

b- Seven small vehicles are moving home from Kilan [UI]

3- Sector of the Armored Corps<sup>12</sup>:

a- A vehicle was observed

[TR: erased]

Page 62:

In the sector and guarantee its presence at mound numbered 994 and 1172

b- No other changes

[Signature]

1/3 [January 3rd.]

[Signature]

Staff Major General

Sa'di Ti'mah 'Abbas

On behalf of

Director of the Second Corps

Page 63:

1- To mound number 1172:

Seventy two enemy vehicles were seen coming from the Iran depth and approaching the cross roads at (807741). A number of them turn left towards infantry brigades' a number went behind [UI] passage and infantry brigade<sup>2</sup> and the last part went back to the Iran depth.

2- Sector of Infantry Division<sup>2</sup>:

a- The Infantry Brigade<sup>4</sup> Observatories reported the movement of 38 enemy vehicles from Amirabad to its positions in front of the brigade obstacle and back.

b- The Infantry Brigade<sup>36</sup> Observatories reported the movement of a number of enemy vehicles between its different positions in Mimak.

c- The observatory of battalion<sup>1</sup> brigade<sup>36</sup> observed four individuals in area (8415) on the enemy.

d- Infantry Brigade<sup>4</sup> Observatory reported the presence of a group of the enemy of about 20 individuals in areas (8614), (8615).

e- Wireless Tapping: the captured messages were forwarded to the concerned divisions. Noticeable activity was observed for the main station Hamzah and its branches as well as the other stations in the [UI] valley, Burmah Mountain and mound number 1172. Comments: the enemy is preparing for a confrontational act.

Page 64:

Secret /Urgent                      Initiation Time Initiation Date

1/2 [January 2<sup>nd</sup>]

From / Corps<sup>2</sup>

To / Directorate of General Military Intelligence

And To/ Central Military command / Division<sup>2</sup> / Division<sup>7</sup> / Division<sup>8</sup> / Armored Division<sup>9</sup> / Armored Division<sup>12</sup> / Military Operations / Eastern District Intelligence Center

[An oval stamp of the directorate of military intelligence] and the number 2102

Initiation: Intelligence/19/8/Qadisyat Saddam. Intelligence report summary, January 2<sup>nd</sup> until the hour 2200.

Air Activity:

a- The sound of one enemy helicopter was heard by the observatory of infantry brigade<sup>2</sup> battalion<sup>3</sup> behind [Darhalut] Mountain.

Enemy movements:

1- Sector of Infantry Division<sup>2</sup>:

a- Thirty eight vehicles were moving back and forth between Amirabad and the enemy positions in front of the brigade obstacle as reported by the infantry brigade<sup>4</sup> observatories.

b- It was also reported by the same observatories that eight people were seen in area (1379).

c- Infantry brigade<sup>36</sup> observatory reported that eight people were seen in area (8418).

d- The same observatories saw the moving of vehicles between the positions of the enemy in front of the brigade obstacle.

e- The observatory of brigade<sup>4</sup> boundaries saw six people in squares (3471) and (3172) and five people were seen in (2772) at the hour 1245

2- Sector of Armored Division<sup>12</sup>:

a- An ambulance was seen on [Al-Idamah] way in square (6983) heading to area of mound number 1172.

b- An enemy gathering of about thirty people was seen in (7274).

c- A number of vehicles were seen moving between the areas of al-Qat' and Kinkir valley.

d- A shuffle was moving towards [Kinkir] valley. It was observed in Al-Qat'.

e- Unusual and continuous movement of vehicles, coming from Kilan to the back and the left of [UI] passage then going back to the Iranian depth, was reported at the hour 0700.

f- The vehicles were: small and large vehicles, two-40 passenger buses, one bulldozer and one shovel.

g- The total number of vehicle is believed to be 200.

h- They move from their base at the cross road square (7973) towards infantry brigade<sup>5</sup> and to the back of the passage [UI] towards infantry brigade<sup>2</sup>.

i- At the hour 2000, the sounds of enemy vehicles were heard in (7181).

j- At the hour 2130 the sounds of enemy guide rollers were heard in (6983).

k- Thirty people were seen closer to 1172 in square (7274)

### 3- Obstacle of Armored division<sup>7</sup>:

a- The observatory of battalion<sup>3</sup>, infantry brigade<sup>5</sup> reported six small vehicles moving from Kilan to the abandoned house (7482).

b- On 1/1 [January r.], at the hour 2315 on sounds of the enemy vehicles were heard at the tank positions in (746011), at the entrance Sunbulah chain (8016).

c- Two shovels were seen at the hour 0910 in (815025).

d- Ten of the enemy people were seen moving in Al-Sin Al-Saqit (7283).

e- The total number of vehicles entering the Sarbil Zihab basin were 70 and 103 were leaving the basin.

### 4- Sector of Armored division<sup>9</sup>:

a- Bittalion<sup>1</sup>, brigade <sup>412</sup> observed [UI] at the hour 1600

[TR: end of page]